

100-70-3
R. 202. 19-41
1255-22-42
Ch 27-14-3
157-18-12-19
G.R.S. IX-51
S.A. 14-21-37
Ch 312-12-1

Preserve

1922

File No. 21-22

Ch. 1

Serial Nos. 1-10

Later references.

Ch 94-23 (849a)
228-23 (122)
1-36 (36-37)
Ch 110-14-1-1-2

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

S&A 81-54 (104)

Serial Nos. 700

Part B for October 1923

SUBJECT

Proposal for the extension of the Scheme for the separation of Judicial and Executive functions into the Muzdar District

sl 6) No. Muzdar Chief Court, Comptroller and D. M. of Districts
G.O. No. 1974-2028 of 5.10.23

Revised scale of pay of Special Magistrates under the separation Scheme

sl 7) No. D.M. Muzdar Chief Court, 28 of Police Muzdar Court, Supdt. G.O. No. 2040-52 of 5.10.23

passes orders, etc. measures necessary for the formation of Magistrates courts in Muzdar Dist under the separation Scheme

Muzdar
15/10/23

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

ch

NOTES.

File No. 21-22

FILE HEADING.

Rules for the recruitment of 1st and 2nd class magistrates
Munsiffs and Subjudges

From

No.

Dated

Received

Jary No.

Enclos.

Spare Copies.

Serial No.

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

NOTES AND ORDERS.

Dewan's order of 12-7-22

1) Revision required in the rules should be
proposed. Mr. H. S. Annaya promised a note

Serial
No.yes
and B.V.

Assistant Secy's note of 15.7.22

4) If ordered, Mr. Heranunaya will be written to, to send the promised note. A copy of the existing rules was sent to him when he was General Secretary and it was returned. I was not required to propose any revision nor was informed of any complaints regarding the working of the present rules.

and CAS 15.7.22

sent Secy's orders

5) yes (in the margin) Also bring up.

and B.V. of 16.7.22

4) Submitted with a draft as directed

18.7.22
Am
967
2

5) Issued draft. I had already seen the final Secy in this connection.

Cas
19.7

(The D. M. Kolar.

P 657 of 21.7.22

calls for a note re the above revision required in the above rules.

List

Serial
No.

2

Imm

Mr D. M. Khar

D.O. 16. 8. 22. 7. 22

States that the note is being prepared and that it will be submitted to the Dewan and that a copy will be sent for information.

Lust

6) The receipt of the report may be awaited.

8/10/22

2/8

7)

yes can
2/8

8) Notes of the Interview with the Dewan on the 2nd August 1922 by the General Secretary

The Dewan asked about this. I said that Mr. Hirannappa had been written to. The case may also be worked up in the Branch. Mr. Hirannappa's reply may also be put up when received.

9) Cited into the G.O.S. regarding remittance to Special magistrates

8/10/22

10) Please ascertain if

Mr. Hirannappa has sent his note. Otherwise a reminder may issue.

Regarding the preparation of the note in the branch, I will have to consult the Joint Secy.

can
1/8

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No.

3

From

The Secretary to the Govt. the Result

Forwarded the report of the Committee appointed by the Govt. of Bengal to elaborate a practical working scheme for the separation of executive and judicial functions in Bengal and requests that it may be treated as strictly confidential as the report has not yet been published.

(1) It is not known who called for this report. This Branch has received it as it is useful in connection with the question submitted with a draft acknowledgment and a reminder to the D. in Khas. As the Dewan has gone on his and with him some of the clerks it is not known whether the D. in has sent any note.

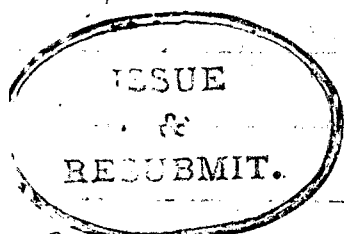
(2) Issue both

+ fine up

cal

- 9-8

15-8-22
18/8



To the Secy to the Resident
Letter no P 175-D 24-8-22
Acknowledges the receipt of the report
referred to in Pt 3

Reminder no P 1834-D 22-8-22 to

Mr. D. in Khas

and (14)
This has been submitted to Secy
member and Dewan as ordered
of the Govt. Secy after perusal
of the Govt. Secy's minute -
see copy

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

1318

28-8-22

Second member
& Dewan

21-8-22

cal 24/8

906
4P
File No. of 1922

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No.

principles of the Bengal Scheme
but details of consequential
changes may be worked out
first -

17) In the meantime
the new system of
the system of
magistrate. The rules are
present. I call
it. The new
with a clear

18) I am also
the scheme
in the
main
character

19) A S Please do need
early
4/9/22

20) Please put up the G.O's and
previous correspondence etc. on the point. In
Rajagopal Chari's Scheme to the papers I mean
from

The D. in Kder. D.O. no 43 of 28.8.22

forwards the note on the recruitment to magistrates
themselves.

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Libd.

Z

21) The present grade of the first grade magistrates is fixed in P.O. no. 33344 / CS 161 - F. dated 3.9.1920

1. Senior Assistant Com^rs and subordinate magistrates posted as 1st grade magistrates will draw their grade pay
2. Other officers in first employ and officers recruited from the bar will draw Rs. 500 - 50/2 - 600.

22) Second grade magistrates

- (a) Assistant Com^rs and Districts posted as second grade magistrates will draw their grade pay
- (b) other officers in first employ and members of the bar appointed as second grade magistrates will draw Rs. 150/- (during probation) and thereafter Rs. 200 - 50/3 - 400.

23) If the scheme has to be introduced in the Maddan parts - Kolar and Tumkur - the Kolar District according to the report of the District Officer - requires 2 first class courts and 3 second class courts and the Tumkur District requires 1 first class court and 3 second class courts. The cost will be roughly as follows:

Three first class magistrates - average at Rs. 550/-
Rs. 1650 p.m.

Six second class magistrates - average cost at Rs. 350/-

Rs. 2100 p.m.

Rough total cost Rs. 3750/- p.m.

Rs. 45,000 per annum

④ This includes the existing 8th Magistrate, KGF

⑤ Deducting Rs. 550 on account of the existing 8th Magistrate, KGF, the amount will be Rs. 1100

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Besides this the question of accommodation requires consideration

24)

Two new carts have to be constructed built in Kolar town and two more carts in Chikmagalur and Chikballapur. As regards Tumkur two new buildings are necessary near Maddur and one at Tiptur while in Tumkur itself the jail is to be shifted to the jail at Chikmagalur. Can be converted into a cart house at a cost of Rs 2500/-

25)

limited interest for orders

26)

The establishment & contingent fund for the carts have also to be taken

into account. At Rs 150 per annum for a I class

cart Rs 119 for a II class cart, the

establishment charges for the 8 carts come

to Rs 12,384 per annum. With a contingent

fund at Rs 200 per cart, the total charges

on account of cart contingencies will be

Rs 13,984, or nearly Rs 14,000.

27)

90%

28)

Two more districts

Chikmagalur & Hassan, have been

omitted from the calculation. Please

include these and put up.

100%

100%

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No.

hills

27) For Harsan and Chitaldong, according to the scheme two first grade magistrates and 4 second grade magistrates are provided for.

The cost will come to

2 first grade magistrates at Rs 550/- average each

Rs 1100/- p.m.

4 second grade magistrates at Rs 350/- each Rs 1400/- p.m.

Total — 2500 p.m.

Rs 30000 per annum

Now buildings have to be constructed in all the places.

As for the establishment, the charges come to including contingencies.

For two first grade courts - Rs 318/- p.m. or 3816 p.m.

For 4 second grade courts at Rs 476/- p.m. or 5712 p.m.

Contingencies for 6 courts -

1200 p.m.

Rs 10728

28) If the scheme was to be introduced in all the 4 districts - the cost works up to as follows:-

District	Salary of 1st grade magistrates	Salary of 2nd grade magistrates	Establishment and Contingencies
Kolar	* Rs 550/- p.m. or 6600 per year	Rs 1050/- p.m. or 12600 per year	Rs 6192 + 800 = 6992 p. year
Tumkur	Rs 550/- p.m. or 6600 per year	Rs 1050/- p.m. or 12600 per year	Rs - 6992
Harsan	Rs 550/- p.m. or 6600 per year	Rs 700/- p.m. or 8400 per year	Rs 4264 + 600 = 5364
Chitaldong	— 6600 per year	— 8400 per year	— 5364
Total	Rs 26,400 per year	Rs 42,000 per year	Rs 24,712 per year

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

*
The existing Special Magistrate's salary is not taken into account.

Grand Total.

Rs 129-00

Rs 93,112 per year - being building for car

General and Revenue
Secretariat.

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29) The above calculations do not take into account the expenditure in respect of buildings for the courts - either by way of construction or rent. If buildings are to be taken up on rent in all the places, the annual rent - for 14 courts - will come to Rs 8,400 at Rs 50 p.m. on an average.

yes

30) The cost of furniture & books required for the courts will come to Rs 7,20, calculated on the scale suggested in para 3 of Mr. Rajagopalachari's report.

yes

31) Provision will also be necessary for extra Police & lock-up staff. The cost on this account might amount to Rs 10,000, as two additional Inspectors for prosecuting work will be necessary for each District.

14/9

32) a typed handwritten statement, including all these items, but deducting K.G. Magistrate's pay, under work more real handy - Please prepare to put up

16/9

16/9

33) Submitted with a statement which is attached to the notes.

B

16/9

16/9

Introduction of the Separation Scheme in the remaining 4 districts; and the recruitment of Magistrates, Munsiffs and Subordinate Judges.

Location and Jurisdiction.

In their order of 16th May 1918, the Govt. have fixed this tentatively as follows:—

Kolar District

(a) First grade magistrates. (2).

- (i) In Kolar 1st Class cases of the District except those in the Gold Fields.
- (ii) In Kolar Gold Fields. All classes of cases of the K.G. Fields.

(b) Second grade magistrates (3)

- (i) Kolar 2nd + 3rd Class cases of the taluks of Kolar, Srinivaspur + Chintamani
- (ii) Chikballapur " of the taluks of Chikballapur, Goribidnur, Bagelalli, Siddaghatta, and the sub-taluk of Goudkonda.
- (iii) Kolar Gold Fields " of the taluks of Bowringpet, Mulbagal and Malur.

A better arrangement would be that proposed by the Special Officer - viz -

- (i) Kolar The taluks of Kolar, Mulbagal, Malur and Bowringpet.
- (ii) Chikballapur The taluks of Chikballapur, Goribidnur and Bagelalli, and the sub-taluk of Goudkonda.
- (iii) Chintamani The taluks of Chintamani, Srinivaspur and Siddaghatta.

This arrangement, besides being more convenient and equal as regards distribution of work, saves rent and cost of construction of a building for a Court-house, as the premises, till now occupied by the Sub-Divisional Office (now abolished) may be reserved for the purpose. It gives also a resident magistrate for Chintamani which, for the present at least is a disturbed area.

Tumkur District

(a) First grade magistrate. (1)

- (i) Tumkur 1st Class cases of the District.

(b) Second grade Magistrates (3)

- (i) Tumkur The taluks of Tumkur, Gubbi and Kunigal.
- (ii) Tiptur The taluks of Tiptur, Chiknayakanhalli and the sub-taluk of Turuvekere.
- (iii) Maddur The taluks of Maddur, Pavagada and Sira, and the sub-taluk of Koratogere.

Though parts of Pavagada, Sira, and Chiknayakanhalli, maybe somewhat distant from the Court-house, yet the above arrangement is about the best that can be managed. Accommodation is being arranged in Tumkur, and it is also possible in Maddur, without going in for a rented building - (vide Costs and Accommodation)

Hassan District(a) First grade Magistrate (1)

(i) Hassan

First class cases of the District

(b) Second grade Magistrates (2)

(i) Hassan

The taluks of Hassan, Manjarabad + Belur, and the sub-taluk of Alur.

(ii) Chennarayana

The taluks of Chennarayana, Arsikere, Holenarasipura + Arkalgud.

The special officer has, however, proposed the following -

(i) Hassan (1st grade)

First class cases of the District, 2nd & 3rd class cases of Hassan and Arsikere taluks.

Second grade Courts

(i) Sakleshpur

The taluks of Sakleshpur and Belur, and the sub-taluk of Alur.

(ii) Holenarasipura

The taluks of Holenarasipura, Chennarayana + Arkalgud.

So far as the change from Chennarayana to Holenarasipura is concerned, there is no doubt about the advantages. The latter is connected by Railway, and is the headquarters of the sub-division. There is a Munsiff's Court with resident lawyers. The place is also more central.

Advantages of Sakleshpur are not quite apparent, unless one to please the planters. Hassan is as easily accessible as Sakleshpur, with better roads perhaps and is nearer than Sakleshpur, to people of Alur, and certain portions of Belur. Legal help is easily available and parties will find better facilities in Hassan.

It appears desirable to locate the Second grade Court also in Hassan, and to give it jurisdiction over, Manjambud, Arisekere, Belur, and the sub-taluk of Alur. 2nd & 3rd Class cases of Hassan may go to the 1st grade Court, which can easily stand that work. Distribution of work also ~~will be~~ is likely to be more - equal.

Chitaldroog District.

(a) First-grade Magistrate (1)

(i) Chitaldroog First Class cases of the District.

(b) Second grade Magistrates (2)

(i) Chitaldroog The taluks of Chitaldroog, Chellakere, Hiriyur and Midkalmuru.

(ii) Davangere The taluks of Davangere, Halkere, Hosangur & Jagalur, and the sub-taluk of Hariker.

Midkalmuru taluk is about 60 miles from Chitaldroog, and parts of Hiriyur are nearly 40 miles off. ^{no public convenience} Court in Davangere will have very heavy work. Unless a third Court, can be given and located in Chellakere, the arrangement proposed by the Special Officer will be decidedly advantageous. This as follows:-

(a) First-grade Magistrate (1)

(i) Chitaldroog - First Class cases of the District with 2nd and 3rd Class cases of Chitaldroog taluk.

(b) Second grade magistrates (2)

(1) Davangere -

The taluks of Davangere, Halkere, Hosangar and the sub-taluk of Harichar.

(1) Chellakere -

The taluks of Chellakere, Hiriyur, Jagalur and Miskalman.

II. Cost and Accommodation

The annexed statement gives the details of the cost involved in the arrangement. Details for each District are given separately, and the total cost is also worked out. There is likely to be a reduction under "rent for buildings," which is calculated on the assumption that all the Courts will be located in rented buildings. The rent for perhaps 24 Courts at Rs 50/- a month may be saved.

Except in the case of Courts to be located in Tumkur (2 Courts) and Chintamani, and perhaps also in Madagiri and Chellakere, buildings have to be rented, or built if funds permit, for all the other Courts. The average rent is taken at Rs 50/- a month, and appears to be fairly accurate, in spite of high rents in a place like Davangere.

In Tumkur, arrangements have been made for accommodation at

introduction of the introduction of the scheme, about 3 years ago. The place that was being used for 'Jui Jitai' is meant for the 1st grade court (with slight alterations) and a portion in the taluk office for the second grade court. In Chintamani, the building that was being occupied by the sub-division office must be available.

In Maddur, I would suggest the ousting of the Munsiff from his 'quarters' as they are called. It was once a 'mantap', and portions of it are occupied by the sub-division office & the Munsiff's Court. This building, the Court, the sub-division office & the Amildar office, are all close together, and are the only buildings in the Fort (Barring the Sepoy's quarters). The Munsiff may find a house in the town, as they have done & may be glad to do so, to avoid being isolated. With the quarters vacated, the office may be placed there. For the Court hall, one of the three halls in the sub-division & Amildar office may be utilised - In fact one of them is available. The clerks of the office may be sent over to the 'quarters'. This is a convenient arrangement & all offices will be in the same place. No suitable building will be available in the town itself.

In Chellakere, the hall used by the Inspector, and some rooms in the taluk office, may be available.

In all the places buildings will have to be rented out, except perhaps in Chitaldroog, where the big, two storied District Office, might be able to provide sufficient accommodation, particularly as there is separate accommodation for most of the other offices.

The idea is perhaps to introduce the scheme in two more Districts only just at present. In that case, Hassan & Chitaldroog will be the least costly, as the number of second grade courts is less in each - 2 versus 3 in the other two Districts. Tumkur and Kolar have 3 second grade courts each. One District with 3 courts and one with two is another alternative. People of Tumkur and Hassan have been repeatedly urging for the introduction of separation in their Districts; and Hassan had a subject to that effect in the Dasasa Sessions of the Representative Assembly in October last. Perhaps these two Districts Tumkur & Hassan may be taken up first. It will satisfy the Malnad people also, as Hassan Dist contains Malnad areas.

Recruitment (a) Magistrates:

The existing rules regarding recruitment of magistrates are laid down in the G.O. of 17th Nov 1919. Briefly they are as follows:-

(i) The 11 places (8 districts; 1 each for Bangalore, Mysore & Kolar Gold Fields) of 1st grade magistrates, will be recruited as follows:-

Senior Assistant Commissioners	4
Subordinate Judges	3
Bar	2
By Promotion of magistrates recruited from other services	2
Total	<u>11</u>

(ii) The number of Second grade magistrates to be distributed as follows:-

Assistant Commissioners	6
Munsiffs	4
Amildari and other services	4
Bar	5
Total	<u>19</u>

The number ought to be 20. The Court in Hunsur is missed, as originally it was not intended to locate a Court there.

Senior Asst Commrs, Sub-Judges, Asst Commrs and Munsiffs, who draw their grade pay when drafted to the magisterial line. 1st grade magistrates recruited from the Bar are placed on the same level as Sub-Judges. Fresh recruits are placed in 150 - 200 - $\frac{50}{3}$ 1400 grade (i) the same as Munsiffs.

It will be observed that though the designation, work, & maximum & minimum pay in the case of 1st grade Magistrates, ^{is the same} a distinction is to be found in the increment, in the case of Senior Post Commissioners appointed as 1st grade Magistrates. They get an annual increment of Rs 50/- while the others doing the same work, with the same designation, ~~get~~ ^{get} it once in two years. This anomaly is due to the method of recruitment (a) to the posting of Senior Post Commrs & Sub-Judges as Magistrates, or rather classing the appointed men with the Senior Post Commrs & Sub-Judges. The result is what is noted above. Either all should get annual increments, which would mean a change in procedure in the case of Sub-Judges ^{much} doing ^{much} work, or the magistracy should form a separate Cadre, with definite pay & increment, without reference to whether the appointed person belongs to the Post Commrs line, or other line. The better plan is to alter the bi-annual increment of Sub-Judges into an annual one & fix the pay of the 1st grade Magistrates at 500 - 50 - 600 in all cases. The Sub-ordinate Judges have had a long grievance about this & deserve equal treatment at least, ~~with~~ looking at the quality & quantity of the work turned out, often at the expense of their health.

Statement showing the cost of the establishment &c. for the introduction of the scheme for separation of the Judicial and executive functions in the remaining Districts in the State.

District	First grade Magistrates		Second grade Magistrates.		Establishment.	Contingencies.	Building rent		Total	Books & furniture	Extra Police and lock-up staff.
	No.	Cost	No.	Cost.			No.	Cost			
Kolar	1	6,800	3	10,800	6,192	800	4	2,400	27,092		
Tumkur	1	6,800	3	10,800	6,192	800	4	2,400	27,092		
Hassan	1	6,800	2	7,200	4,764	600	3	1,800	21,264		
Chitaldrug	1	6,800	2	7,200	4,764	600	3	1,800	21,264		
	4	27,600	10	36,000	21,912	2,800	14	8,400	96,712	7,120	10,000
Total Rs. 1,13,832.											

- N.B.-
1. The cost is taken for one year.
 2. This does not include the cost of the present establishment and the Special First & grade Magistrate of the Kolar Gold Fields in Kolar District.
 3. The average salary for first grade Magistrate is taken at Rs. 566²/₃ per mensem and Second grade Magistrate at Rs. 300/- per mensem.
 4. The rent for buildings both first and second class Courts is taken uniformly at Rs. 50/- per mensem.
 5. This includes the cost of books (Penal Code, Criminal Procedure Code and Evidence Act) which may come to Rs. 1,000/- for all the Courts and furniture which will come to Rs. 6,120/-.
 6. The cost of lockup staff extra and two additional Prosecuting Inspectors is taken at Rs. 10,000/-.

The same remarks, ~~previously~~ to a certain extent, apply to the case of Second Grade Magistrates. Either the magistracy should be kept as a separate Cadre or any distinctions between the Asst. Commrs and Munro's and others have to be abolished. If the minimum and maximum salaries in both cases are made the same, under the same scale in increments, there will be no room for complaint even under the present method of recruitment. The difference that is kept up cannot be explained on any basis — nature, quality, or quantity of work, or any extra responsibility.

Another significant feature of the present recruitment, and the rules in force about recruitment, is the ~~past~~ preponderance of Assistant Commissioners in both the grades, though the dept. if it can be so called, is practically a purely judicial one. If Asst. Commrs are to be drafted or permanently to the line, there is some justification for the course. They are sent there mostly for training & experience on probation, that in future they may not be handicapped as Asst. Magistrates. In fact the only plea for their recruitment as Magistrates is the one given above.

The idea underlying the Separation Scheme, is a complete separation, — the Deputy and Assistant Commissioners being totally excluded from exercising any magisterial functions. The present system of continuing the Deputy Commissioner as District Magistrate is due to a certain extent to sentiment, and prestige; and eventually has decided to divest them of ~~the~~ magisterial powers. This can be done even now, without much inconvenience, as the work of the Deputy Commissioners in this direction is mainly inspection of Courts, and rarely hearing of appeals. 182 grade magistrates are mostly empowered to hear appeals & on another of fact they undertake all the appellate work. During last year only 7 appeals, appear to have been heard by the District Magistrates.

As proposed by the Special Committee in Bengal, we may do away with the District Magistrates & place the magistrates directly under the District & Sessions Judges. 182 grade magistrates will take up all the appellate work, as they are now practically now doing inspection work now being done by the Deputy Commissioners, will be transferred to the Sessions Judges, without much inconvenience. The Courts

of the Magistrates are either situated in
 the headquarters of a Distt or in taluqs where
 exist Munsiff's Courts already, except in
 a few cases (& if the Scheme is introduced in
 all Distts) Distt Sessions Judges, go
 about once a quarter to Distt headquarters
 for Sessions work, & can conveniently inspect
 the Magistrates Courts there. They have
 to inspect the Munsiff's Courts every year &
 may inspect the Magistrates Courts as well
 then. Where there are no Munsiff's
 Courts, they can afford to find time
 to go & inspect, as about 2 ^{such} Courts fall to each
 Distt Judge. There will be thus ~~very~~
 very little additional work, and the Distt
 Magistrates may be very conveniently done
 away with. The Deputy Commissioners
 & Asst Commrs will be ex-Officio Magistrates
 for purposes of Chaps VIII to XII ^{inclusive} of
 the Criminal Procedure Code (Preventive Action
 there may not be any need to increase
 the number of Distt Judges or Subordinate
 Judges - Bench Courts, & their inspection
 may remain with the Deputy Commrs.
 The Bengal Scheme as proposed by the
 Select Committee is just the same &
 the Committee has considered 4 other previous
 Schemes (Mr Dutt's, Mitter's, Boller's & Sir H. Adam

and has improved upon it - our existing Scheme is practically the same, except for Distt. Magistrates who are to be replaced by Distt. Judges. In course of time, if not at once, this will have to be adopted or the Deputy Commissioners replaced by Distt. Magistrates belonging purely to the Judicial Deptt. Magistrates & Civil Judges will comprise the Judicial Deptt. and will be under the Chief Court.

For higher appointments @ these of Distt. & Deputy Commrs, Distt. Judges & upwards, a working knowledge of the Judicial System as well as other Depts. particularly Revenue, would be very desirable. It cannot be denied that officers with a training in the two Depts., may turn out better than those who have had no such training. The Special Committee in Bengal have laid stress on this aspect and some members proposed the training of freshly appointed graded officers in both the lines for a certain period, before finally drafting them to their respective Depts. The value of such a course is apparent & for anyone, an interchange of line for a particular period is very desirable for more reasons than one. This will give a wider outlook & a better grasp of matters then & will give the much needed

change from ~~one~~ kind of work to another. The point may perhaps be considered, and it will work out easy, if the differences now existing between the two services are removed; so that an interchange may not upset any arrangements or lead to any difficulties. They may be seconded or even permanently taken over to the other line, according to their aptitude. A few very promising young men may be trained in this way for higher places in the administration.

Mr. Hiriamayyas proposals regarding
Recruitment of Magistrates

- (1) A degree in law.
- (2) Cadre should form part of the Judicial Service.
- (3) Recruitment from among Asst Comrs, Sub-divisional Officers to be stopped. A certain number of vacancies, in both grades, however to be kept open for temporary deputation of Bnldars & Asst Comrs to receive training in Magistrate work.
- (4) To make up for loss of promotion, the present increased number of Senior Asst Commissioners to be retained. Magistrates should seek work for promotion in the Executive line.
- (5) Cases of 1st grade Magistrates & Sub-Judges to be amalgamated & similarly those of 2nd grade & 2nd grade Magistrates. A single list to be kept for each.
- (6) Recruitment from Bnld to be recognised & lower age limit prescribed.
- (7) Appointment should rest with Govt.

(1) A law degree is very desirable no doubt, but whether to keep it as a rigid condition depends upon the rules regarding recruitment. If ~~the~~ ~~the~~ same places can be kept apart for desiring Amildars, Police officers &c, a law degree will be an obstacle. Host Camps & Amildars deputed for training may not possess a degree in law & yet they are to be allowed. In the case of those appointed direct, a law degree may be insisted upon but in the case of those promoted or otherwise, from other services, it may be optional. Those having a law degree can interchange as musketeers &c, while the others will have to run through as magistrates. In fact, of those ~~that~~ who retire { the time they become 18th grade magistrates, may be so taken; to give them a chance of promotion eg. Amildars, Host Camps of Police, Prosecuting Inspectors in the 18th grade, Insps in the 18th grade, if they are law graduates, may form the recruiting ground. They will all be fairly advanced in age, ~~to reach to~~ and will not expect to reach higher than the 18th grade magistrates' place.

(2) is sound.

(3) & (4). The effect of these two, will be one-sided. The Host Camps will keep all the increased places & will claim a few more in the magisterial line also. Even though

temporary, the places are lost to the Judicial Deptt in favour of the other line, & that in addition to the increase proposed. It is already pointed out that ultimately there is no place for the Executive Officers in the Judicial line, unless an interchange is permitted for reasons stated. The number of Senior Asstt Commissioners may be increased by all means, if necessary, but there is no reason to permit an indirect further increase, through the medium of temporary deputation. This deputation will not be necessary hereafter.

(5) The Cases may be amalgamated; interchange between Civil Judges & Magistrates permitted, except in the case of those who are not graduates in law & who came in as Magistrates, as a punishment for good service in other depts. a certain fixed number, to be kept open for them.

(6) The principle has been recognised, not ^{fixing a} ~~keeping a fixed~~ number in their case, — ~~in either grade~~ ^{the grades} ~~but so far as the fixed number of Magistrates~~ ~~is not desirable~~. So far as second grade Magistrates are concerned the Bar is ^{the Bar is} ~~the best recruiting ground~~ ^{already proportionately represented} in the case of 1st grade Magistrates, ~~this may be possible~~ ^{may be appointed} ~~to appoint~~ a member of the Bar, and rarely that when he is prepared to come at a sacrifice & possesses established merit. Otherwise great discontent will prevail amongst those in service.

- (17) Magistrates are now appointed by Govt. If these are included in the cadre of Munsiffs, there will be a clash of powers of the Chief Court, with that of Govt. The Chief Court, may, as in the case of Munsiffs claim power of nomination. That power may have to be conceded.

The following suggestions may perhaps be considered in recruiting second grade magistrates:—

- (1) Direct recruitment :— Selection from among the members of the Bar of about one or two years' standing, only law graduates eligible. Other law graduates not in service may be selected. It is a point for consideration, whether the selection is to be on the result of any examination, or otherwise by Govt. or the Chief Court. In the case of an examination Govt. to have power to nominate a candidate for every 3rd or 4th vacancy. The system of selection by examination at present, under suspension.

- (2) Indirect recruitment

- (a) Deserving Amildars, preferably graduates in law
- (b) Asstt. Supts of Police - who have been mostly in the Police Deptt & who have not chances of becoming D.S.P.s as Asstt. Comrs.
- (c) Senior Prosecuting Inspectors who are law graduates

(d) Senior Supts - in the Sectt, who are law graduates. This is a particularly well-trained ~~class~~ class, without much chances of improvement ^{in prospects}. They will make good magistrates & as law graduates they may change to minor's places also.

(e) Occasionally Sheristars of the ~~Chief~~ Dist Courts, and Clerks, drawing not less than Rs 10 or Rs 120/- in the Chief Dist. A law essential.

Need to be amalgamated with the minor's & powers of patronage to be distributed between the Chief Dist. Govt, as Govt may direct.

First grade magistrates :- Almost solely by promotion from the lower grade @, minor's magistrates referred to above. Occasionally a member of the Bar of approved merit may be drafted, if he is prepared to make a sacrifice. In no case ~~shall~~ ^{may} one whose income is less than Rs 500/- a month ~~may~~ be appointed a first grade magistrate.

From among the magistrates who are not law graduates, ~~and~~ @, those who come in by indirect recruitment, two or three ~~may~~ may be promoted to the 2nd grade, if they happen to be seniors at the time.

Munsiffs

Existing practice is for the Chief Court to nominate a candidate. Govt approves of the nomination or calls for a fresh ^{one} ~~and~~.

Only once was an Examination held, and those who topped the list were appointed. Later all those who passed except two, were provisionally appointed all as munsiffs or magistrates. No further examination was held.

Applications from Law graduates are received & registered & the Chief Court sometimes calls for the applicants & examines them to ascertain their merit. Lawyers of three years' practice are required & those in service also are sometimes nominated. In 4 is to be a non-Brahmin. The scheme appears to be working satisfactorily.

Sub-Judges

Magistrate for 1.11 munsiffs mostly. Occasional a member of the Bar is appointed direct. More seniority should not count if the candidate is not quite up to the mark.

General and Revenue
Secretariat.

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Serial
No.

The note received from Mr. Abdul Faimi on the question of the separation of Executive and Judicial functions is enclosed. A copy of the tour notes of the Dewan of August 22 is put up. At page 18, an instruction has been given that the Dy. Commr of Kolar may be requested to submit a report fixing the full extent of cost. If approved this will now be done. As directed in the Confidential Tour notes, the Chief Commr will be given orders about sending in Confidential Tour notes. The kind of the 7th Dec 22 fixing the cost of the Bengal Govt on separation scheme is a Confidential. The Bengal Govt have not yet taken any action. Without answer.

General and Revenue
Secretariat.

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No.

of the All Pro Code, the District
Magistrate's functions cannot
be transferred to the District
Judge. But perhaps additional
District Magistrates may
be appointed at once &
given corresponding pay &
work. Mr. Jamm raises
far reaching questions about
recruitment. Perhaps they
cannot be finally considered
until the Civil Service reorga-
nisation takes place. Of law
graduates are indispensable
for ^{executive} magisterial work hereafter.
The Civil Service of the future
may also be made to have
a law degree in future. The
Executive Civil Service which
knows nothing is in contact with the people
in the villages and represents
the ^{human nature} ~~human~~ ^{what?} ~~human~~ will deteriorate
if it is not a sufficiently
large service & secure a
flow of promotion. It is
also possible to exaggerate

Serial
No.

the value of a law degree. All Civil Servants pass the Local Service Law Examinations if they do not have a law degree. The real reason why the Executive Civil Service has fallen into disrepute latterly may ^{also be} due to the f. o. about amalgamation of services - i.e. all departments being mixed together and competition & nomination men being mixed together. If amalgamation is given up and flow of promotion is reduced consequently, a higher scale of pay may have to be adopted to meet not only the increased cost of living but also the greater attractions in British India now to men of high class. If the Civil Service Reorganisation is likely to take time to develop, the only immediate action possible appears to be to introduce the separation

90h
y

34
(34)

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue
Secretariat.

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No.

Scheme into the plan it ~~is~~
with the existing rules of
recruitment with only a
few modifications such as
having an addl dt magistrate
and junior sub-judges & senior
and lower the same scale of
annual increment.

For order.

4315
3/11/22

Second
member
Hwan

to
29/12.22
J.S.

The rules for the recruitment of the
Special Magistrates were passed after careful
consideration in 1919 ¹¹⁵²⁻⁶³ and so far no diffi-
culty has been experienced in working them.
The question has arisen the effect of the
introduction of magistry from the dt level to the district
level. To the district magistry is a very
difficult and delicate question and we
must wait for some time before we
can adopt it. It is not known whether the
Bengal Commission report ^{recommendations} have been adopted
by the govt. & even if they are adopted, we
must watch their effect upon the peace

Serial
No.

Langkelly & his study of crime before we adopt them in our Act. So long as his old cases remain in the hands of Magistrates, we cannot expect assistance from Magisterial appts. A fair proportion of them should receive Magisterial training.

A law degree need not generally be insisted upon for the appts of Special Magistrates. A graduate in art passing his local or examination is quite competent to discharge the duties of Special Magistrate. Some of the best Magistrates in my experience, who are civilians who had not taken the law degree. In case of appts outside the service, special men from the Bar are selected and they are personally used for the same.

The appts in the Magisterial grade are made interchangeable with appts in the District & Sub-judges grade in order that men directly recruited from the Bar & District Magistrates appointed as Magistrates may have prospects of promotion. The District Judges grade - Since the Bar will have no higher prospects in the service and they will be left dissatisfied.

The question of Equalizing the pay

1306
P

65

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue
Secretariat.

No. File No. 21

of 1922.

Serial
No.

4315-

of Ambrose Jaffer and first grade
Major Walter with Major J. L. West
Census was considered in 1819 when at the
time of the census for his organization of
his civil service which has unfortunately
fallen through was discussed and it was
referred for separate consideration after the
scheme was passed. There is no report
concerning his present condition
of his finances.

The rules of recruitment need not
be changed. Perhaps they may be
looking considered when his organization
the civil service is taken up.

At present, it is suggested if
orders are passed regarding his introduction
the department there will be no
objection.

W. L.

5/1

Deewan)

6.1.23
23

OFFICE
JAN 8 1923
4100

General and Revenue
Secretariat.

File No. 21

1922

Date of submission	Date of Return	Date of issue of orders in the Secretariat	Remarks
8-1-23	9-1-23.		

4100 Re: Extension of the Separation Scheme and Recruitment of
Magistrates, Munsiffs & Subordinate Judges.

In my tour notes relating to the Kolar District, under Chapter III, I stated that with the abolition of the Chintamani Sub Division, the district legitimately expects that the introduction of the separation scheme should not be delayed any further. One First Class and two Second Class Magistrates' courts may be established next year. The Deputy Commissioner may be requested to submit a report giving a full estimate of cost. In the notes now put up there are three Second Class Magistrates' Courts suggested for this district. Final calculation of cost may be made on receipt of the report from the District Magistrate.

2. As regards the Tumkur District, similar proposals may also be called for from the District Magistrate. When all these proposals are received, the Chief Court should be consulted and the case submitted for final orders.

3. The question of the recruitment of First and Second Class Magistrates is an important one. The order of November 1919 has resulted in a few anomalies, as shown in the Secretariat notes. I think it is necessary to remove the invidious distinction, as regards the increment, that is now made between Sub Judges and Senior Assistant Commissioners. There is no reason why Subordinate Judges should not be given their increment, as Sub-Judges or as First Class Magistrates, annually.

WD 2314-GPB-2000-28-6-22

The case may be considered in Council.

Date of submission	Date of Return	Date of issue of orders in the Secretariat	Remarks

2.

4. The second point relates to the Second Class Magistrates. Rules relating to the recruitment of Second Class Magistrates from Assistant Commissioners, Munsiffs, Amildars and the other services, as also from the Bar, require, in my opinion, to be revised. In the first place I do not think that any of the Second Class Magistrates should get so low a pay as Rs.150 per mensem. The work of a Second Class Magistrate having jurisdiction over several taluks and that of a junior Munsiff cannot be regarded as being equal in quality and responsibility. Then, again, there is no apparent reason for any distinction in the remuneration that may be drawn by Assistant Commissioners, Munsiffs and others while acting as Second Class Magistrates. One solution of the difficulty would be to create a separate cadre; but at all events I should improve the pay and prospects of the Second Class Magistrates by raising their minimum pay from Rs.150 to at least Rs.200 although I should be inclined to fix it at Rs.250.

5. As regards the general policy of recruitment and the class of people from whom recruitment is to be made for both First and Second Class Magistrates, I would suggest that the Chief Court may be confidentially consulted as to the opinion they hold regarding the effect of the present rules promulgated in November 1919 and for suggestions, if any, which they may consider it necessary to formulate, for improvement.

General and Revenue
Secretariat.

File No. 21

192 2

Date of submission	Date of Return	Date of issue of orders in the Secretariat	Remarks

3.

One of the questions referred to them may be whether the system of direct recruitment should be restricted only to members of the Bar or whether, at least for Second Class Magistrates' posts, any other form of direct recruitment can be adopted. The other points of reference may include the minimum qualifications and the principle of interchangeable appointments in the Munsiffs' and Sub Judges' ^{grades} and lastly and chiefly, questions relating to the supervision and control over these Magistrates' courts and the relationship that should exist between officers of these courts and the District Magistrates.

6. It is no doubt true that to effect a complete separation, separate District Magistrate ~~207~~ should really be appointed under the jurisdiction of the District & Sessions Judges. But I do not personally think that the time is yet ripe for that change in Mysore and it will be undesirable to deprive the Deputy Commissioner of his magisterial functions altogether.

7. All the questions involved may now be considered in Council, and I leave it to the Second Member to decide whether this should be done before or after the opinion of the Chief Court has been obtained.

4479
10.1.23

2nd member

In favour of the Dewan's view

and order

S. I. 12

G. R. S. III-2,

General and Revenue
Secretariat.

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of 1912

1306
p

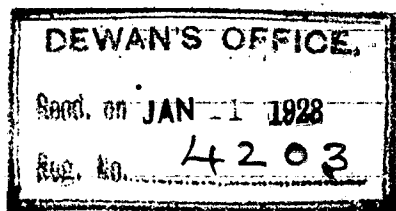
40
40

Serial
No.

44079

These 1200 guineas raised by the Dewan
in his Minute are given to the police and I
would like them to be discussed and decided in
Council before a reference is made to the Chief Comr.

but



Dewan)

See

11.1.23

My account at the
Chief Comr. is
14.1

Chief Comr. in Compts

See

15.1.23

Circulate

See 16/1

17/1/23

(For Disposal at a Meeting)

41
No. C. 337

..... 9 1922-3

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Council Matter.

SUBJECT.

(Clause xii of the schedule)

Introduction of the separation scheme in the remaining districts and the recruitment of Magistrates, Munsiffs and Subordinate Judges

CIRCULATED TO THE MEMBERS OF COUNCIL.

By Order,

..... 17th January 1923

W. A. Dutt
Chief Secretary to Government.

Extraordinary Member of Council.

825-509
18.7.23
First Member of Council.

Seen

Recd
22.1.23

398
16/5
Second Member of Council.

Seen.

Third Member of Council.

1306

7

Subject. -

21.

42-34
C337

Introduction of the separation scheme in the remaining districts and the recruitment of Magistrates, Munsiffs and Subordinate Judges.

.....

OPINION OF THE COUNCIL.

Who has it up at
Budget time. Meantime

net actual cost to be worked
at taking account of all
income (E.S. say 7
S.S. appointments) -
by
21/2/23

fulfilled with complete
21/2/23

Not.

be

22.2.

+

24/2

25/2 ✓

Serial
No.

draw

The pay of the 22.00 as per current
of Jan 23 - to the existing men comes to
Rs: 2(300) + 200 + 170 + 2(50) D.A. to the latter
= 1040 Rs per month or Rs 12840 p.A.

which if deducted from the total work
given in the typed statement attached
to the Board's report will come to Rs.

100992. Possible savings of under

rent for these costs may amount to Rs 992

if the suggestions made in the Board's
report are approved. The total cost
therefore will be roughly 1,00,000 for
all the four remaining districts.

Recd
24/2/23

Estt. under Secy.
Recd (TR)
Secy. (20-2-23)

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of 19

Serial
No.

Information of the actual savings in the Excise Revenue of India, Laboremments in the Offices of the Dy. Commr., Rev. Secy & Asst Commr., & children, and in the Dist. Excise Offices due to the introduction of the ^{Scheme} of the L.R. in the District of Bangalore, Mysore, Shimoga & Kads; & the ~~absence~~ ^{absence} of the ~~data~~ ^{data} is not available in the ~~Box~~ ^{Box} for calculating a similar reduction in the remaining 4 Dy. Commr. The Excise Secy of the Dy. Commr. & the L.R. Secy of the Dy. Commr. may be asked to note the exact information on the above points.

Rec'd
4.58 PM

26/2/25

ys
-
1/3

To the Fin^l Sectt

The savings in the establishment charges of the Excise Dept. by the ~~the~~ abolition of D. & G.'s posts in the above mentioned comes to Rs 15-6 per mensem, excluding the salary of D. & G.'s ~~which depends~~ the cost on account of the ^{set up} ~~the~~ latter

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

Serial
No.

is not easy to estimate, as the pay of a D.E.G. varies according to his rank in the ~~the~~ Cadre of Inst. Comrs. And in the case of D.E.G.'s recruited from Inspectors it depends upon the increments earned at any time in their grade of Rs 150-10-250,

~~5-3-23~~ ~~9/3/23~~

For details of reduction in the 4 D.E.G.s in which the Supra scheme has already been introduced please see G.O. of 30-6-22 also put up

Bohem Bank

8/3/23

To Member Secy for kind of noting information re reduction in the estab of the Rev. Secy

8/3

The G.O.s on the subject issued by the Revenue Branch are put up.

9/3/23
10/3/23
Protection

46
1353 p

(25)

Serial
No.

had. It is not possible to exactly state the actual savings that could be effected in the establishments of the Rev. & Excise Depts, as there have to be determined by the Heads of the respective departments considering the actual needs of each. The Govt put up by the Pl. & Rev. Comptroller do not give information regarding the retrenchments made in the establishment, on this mentioned in para 9 of the Jo. of the 10th May 1918.

If correct information of actual figures are required, the Rev. & Ex. Comptroller have to be written to. If approved drafts will be put up. Information given in page 26 of the memo, is only a rough estimate.

Recd
12/3/23
Pro
CP

Not necessary as the DC of Hassan, has given detailed figures. Please put it up.

had. 65 file 209.22 herewith the letter as directed.

Recd
3/4/23
Pro
4/4

Serial
No.

Please work out the cost on the lines suggested by the D.C. (a)

- (1) Abolishing of the District Excise Offices
- (2) " of the posts of Judicial Magistrates in Amildars & sub-Divisional Offices.

Account will also have to be taken of the expenditure necessary for Bench Courts — say one for each taluk, at the rates given by the Deputy Comptroller.

This will give a fairly accurate estimate of costs. Have a separate estimate for each District & particularly for the Kolar District, both when it is given three two paise Courts when only two.

Aug
5/4

work
by

Re: A

A rough estimate of costs has been worked up on the basis of the Hassan D.C.'s proposals. It seems better if detailed proposals from Districts are called for, as ^{the} exact requirements

4353
P
15 File No. 21 of 1921

48 47

Serial
No.

of each dist will be known, according
to the conditions existing in each.

Recd
10.4.23

The calculations do not take
into account the cost ~~for~~ on account
of the supply of books & furniture & the
add'l bookup & other cost, all of which work
out roughly for each cant at Rs 1,200 for

yes. { each cant on the basis of the stat already
car put up. In fact the cost might be more.

The statements will be got typed
after approval.

Don
14/4

statements approved.

In Kolar for the D.O., give
the actuals as Rs 250/- instead
of Rs 350/- now given, as the D.O.
draws Rs 250/- only. With this
change, the statements may be
typed & put up.

Mr. Hingamias

Sent his proposals? They were due by
the 15th. If he has not please
issue a reminder.

not yet recd.
Rem was issued
15.4.23
1914

m. Carr
1914

Typed statement put up

1914
24/4/23

The D.H. Kolar has not yet sent up

Serial
No.

his proposals. The last remittance was issued on the 18th inst. Another remittance is put up separately today. + issued also.

25/4

Spies statement is put up for all the four districts. The cost for each Dist is given separately—

The Dist magistrate of Kolar has not sent his proposals. Calculations are however, made after taking into account all possible savings. For Hassan, the estimate is according to the proposal of the Deputy Commr there. For the other Districts, the same plan has been adopted, and the estimates may be taken as fairly accurate.

Chief Secy)

25/4

The cost as worked out is as follows:—

Tumkur Dt	23,588
Kolar Dt	16,908
Hassan Dt	12,160
Chitaldrug Dt	18,108

The cost in the 1st year will however be slightly less, as the above calculations

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No.

are based on the average fig of the
months, which of course exceed the
actual (minimum) fig for the 1st year.
In the year of construction, the actual
cost in the Kolar St. for instance, would
be ^{between} Rs 4400 and Rs 6000,
(according to the actual fig of the road
from the months).

According to Council instructions
of 21-2-23 this has been considered
in connection with the budget.

vis members
to the final sect
J. Grey

27.4.23

copy
27.4
made
29.4.23

FINANCIAL SECRETARIAT
78 1932-
28 APR 1923

Regarding this and other measures of improve-
ments and developments contemplated, I have to urge
some general considerations. Such measures cannot,
of course, be thought of until the budget is balan-
ced and a surplus is left for increasing the Depart-
mental standards of expenditure. The prospects of
balancing the budget ^{the next year} appear to be hopeful, but we
have to wait until all the expenditure estimates
have been dealt with for ascertaining the exact
situation and the extent of the surplus, if any,
available.

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No.

Any surplus secured as above will be on the whole, taking all the three parts of our Revenue account together. The extent of improvement to be aimed at in the ~~next~~ three years and the financial policy to be pursued for securing it have already been fixed. Measures resulting in increasing the standards of Departmental expenditure should be in harmony with the policy already laid down. It will be seen from the account of the three parts under which it has been decided to present our Revenue account results that Parts I and III are in deficit and the surplus of Part II has so far been insufficient to meet the deficits of the two other parts. If ~~we~~ ^{we}, as we expect, square the budget, on the ~~whole~~ ^{whole}, next year, it will only mean that the deficits of Parts I and III will be just covered by the surplus of Part ~~III~~ II. If, however, the result on the whole is a surplus after balancing the budget, such surplus really means the releasing of ^{a portion of the} surplus of Part II to be devoted to its legitimate purpose of capital developments.

All our reserves have been suspended and all our capital receipts have been absorbed in running the ordinary administration. The surplus created as the result of the strenuous efforts now being made to right the financial position should first be devoted to the resumption of at least the more important

Serial
No.

important of the financial reserves and for facilitating the financing of our capital demands which would otherwise have to be met by fresh borrowing.

I admit the force of the criticism that the General Administration should not be completely starved and when serious efforts are being made to balance the budget and create a surplus by imposition of new taxes and by large retrenchment measures some, at least, of the pressing demands of the administration should reasonably be met from such surplus. This is, however, a general question which may be considered independently of individual departmental demands. As soon as the general position in regard to the expenditure side of the next year's budget is ascertained, I shall submit a note on the probable result of the next year's budget and the purposes to which ^{the surplus if any} it can be devoted consistently with its nature the policy already laid down and that which ^{has to} may be pursued for the next two or three years. Till then, I request that the consideration of all new items of expenditure may be deferred and that after Government passes orders in regard to the general financial policy to be followed from next year as regards the disposal of any surplus that may be secured, such of the ^{new as} items that can be allowed, may be admitted in the last stage of the budget.

Chief Secy) 2nd member)

Mull
11/5/23
C. S. S. S. S.

Subject

4353

R. S. III-21

General and Revenue Secretariat.

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of 1922

(52)
53

FL. U. O.

Serial No.

69

I agree with the Financial Secretary's
the balancing of budget must be seen
above all considerations. If in the
meantime, the policy of a ^{general} ~~provisional~~
reducing of deficits is adopted, I shall
advocate the introduction of the separation
scheme with me & have decided not
last in accordance with the assurance
already
made.

4/5

present proposal. The ~~same~~ ^{new} ~~advised~~ ^{to be} carried
at budget time
Dewan

4/5
5/5

1st el. night -
250 - 250 - 450.
2nd el. night -
150 - 250.

4/105
11/5
11/5

DEWAN'S OFFICE.

Recd. on MAY 5 1923

Reg. No. 6482

Urgent

11/5

ROUTINE NOTES.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

Extract from page 117 - of the Final
notes of the Dewan in Khar Tankar
and Chetalding D5 in August 1922

Para . 9. Separation of
Executive and Judicial functions

3. The people are very anxious
that the scheme of separation
should be introduced in the
district next year. With the
abolition of Chintamani
Subdivision, the district Magistrate
expects that the introduction
should not be delayed any further.
One first class magistrate and
2 second class magistrates courts
may be established next year.
The Deputy Commissioner may
be requested to submit a report
giving the full estimate of cost

Let

The general question of extending
the separation scheme in the
remaining Districts has been
submitted to the Dewan Sahib.
In the file the Member has opined
that the scheme may be introduced

N. B.--Should routine notes be written on small slips
the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on
this form.

56

\$ 3429
P

G. R. S. III-3]

ROUTINE NOTES.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record]

in Kelar. As soon as the file
is received, this will be filed
along with the papers.

Meanwhile a draft enquiry
is submitted.

125 2/25 2/25 2/25

June

10.1.13

200 5024 5 12 13 x 2 1/2 1/2 1/2

2/25

2/25 2/25 2/25

2/25 2/25 2/25

2/25 2/25 2/25

2/25 2/25 2/25

2/25 2/25 2/25

2/25 2/25 2/25

2/25

A reminder will be given
he would after the 10th January

1913

2/25 2/25 2/25

2/25 2/25 2/25

2/25 2/25 2/25

Draft reminder put up

Should routine notes be written on small slips,
the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on
this form.

1913 2/25 2/25 2/25

Reminder
no. p. 710/2 20.2.23

WD 1880-GPB-1,50,000-25-21

CONFIDENTIAL.

56 (55)

on Confidential portion of the Dewan's tour notes in the Kolar, Tumkur and Chitaldrug Districts, in August last.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Judicial work in the Districts where there has been no separation in the executive and judicial functions is at present very unsatisfactory. There is a general desire on the part of the people to have the separation scheme extended to these districts and it is necessary to make a beginning next year at least in the Kolar district. By a judicious redistribution of work, it may be possible to introduce the scheme at a minimum cost.

X

X

X

No. 4066/EB.

General & Revenue Secretariat,
Dated, Bangalore, the 11th Jan. '23.

8 3530
p

The above extract is forwarded, with compliments,

to the General Secretary for favour of further
action.

By order,

Quarante

Chief Secretary to Government.

Action is being taken.
Prob. Rec. will please
write proper
in

11.1.23

*g

5534 58 (57)
p

ROUTINE NOTES.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

5 From

The D. M. Kdai
Letter noje 377/22-38 3 5/2

Submits proposals for the
introduction of Separation
scheme in his district

The main file has been
submitted to the Dewan for order
This will be linked along with
when received

Please put
up the Tappal
Abstract and
copy into the
Dewan's order
for 8/5

Put into the Tappal
abstract

8/5/23

8.5.23
AM 8/5

Reference is made to the
Dewan order on the Tappal
Abstract

The D. M. Kdai's calculations
do not take into account the reduction
that may be effected in the pay of
the magistrates clerks in the
Sub-Division office & of the D. M. Kdai's
office & his estate. All these
are included in the calculations
made by the office in the main file

Ad 8/5

Please bring up two
with work up & put a
Statement with the first
fraser proposed - viz

1SD - 250 250-28

N. B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips
the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on
this form.

05
12/57

Statement showing the cost of the establishment
in the remaining Districts as

District.	First grade Magistrates		Second grade Magistrates.		Estt.	Contingencies.	Building rent	
	No.	Cost. <i>average</i>	No.	Cost. <i>average</i>			No.	Cost.
1	2		3		4	5	6	
Kolar	1	4520	3	7640	6192	800	4	2400
do.	1	4520	2	5093 1/3	4764	600	3	1800
Tumkur	1	4520	3	7640	6192	800	4	2400
Hassan	1	4515	2	5093 1/3	4764	600	3	1800
Chitaldrug	1	4520	2	5093 1/3	4764	600	3	1800
	4	18080	10	25466 2/3	21912	2800	14	8400

- N.B. 1. The cost is taken for one year.
 2. This does not include the cost of the ~~present~~ present establishment and the special first grade Magistrates of the Kolar Gold Fields in Kolar Dist.
 3. The average salary for 1st Grade Magistrates is taken at 376 2/3 and that of the 2nd grade Magistrates 212 2/9.
 4. The rent for buildings both first and second class Courts is taken uniformly at Rs. 50 per mensem.
 5. This includes the cost of books (penal Code, Criminal Procedure Code and Evidence Act) which may come to Rs. 1,000 for all the Courts and furniture which will come to Rs. 6,120.)
 6. One prosecuting Inspector has been given for each Court and 6 constables and wardens is given to ~~each~~ lockup in the place ~~of~~ where the Court is established. The pay of the P.I. is taken as 75 and those of constables etc., at Rs. 11. As there is

charge a prosecuting Inspector for each District, a deduction has been given @ pay of 1 and 3 constables is omitted for calculation

Deduction-s (details)

Kolar, Dt.
Against this set off.

(i) Cost of D.E.O. and his est (as per Hassan scale) "

(ii) Pay of the Judl. gumastas 3 Sub Dns. (Rev. including at 30 each, or Rs. 90.

(iii) Pay of Judl. gumastas for taluks at avg. Rs. 28 1/2

Add. 1 clerk on Rs. 25 for (i) 1 Peon " 10 in the contingencies 5 sub 40 44

(ii) Estt. required in the Rev. Sub Dn. offices for Hassan Scale) 322 p.

Net cost to be deducted

(i) Add. Esst. for 2 Bench and ~~xxx~~

Cost of New Bench Court Head quarters.

(ii) Savings expected.

A. Rev. Esst. working under

B. Two clerks of the Sub

C. Abolition of the Dt. E

D. Pay of 7 Judl. clerks

Net Deductions. 11,596

N.B. For Kolar, the Dist. magistrate is hopeful of providing accommodation. Hence, a further deduction of Rs 2400/- or 1800/- is possible, under the figures given for Kolar.

to, for the introduction of separation ~~xxx~~ scheme
per proposed scale.

29

Total. (vide X.)	Deduction. (X.)	Net cost.	Extra Police and lockup staff. (Sub. Dn.)	Books & furniture.	Total. Columns 9, 10 and 11	Remarks
	8	9	10	11		
1552	3720	17832	5472 ~~6768~~		23354 ~~24600~~	
1777 1/3	3720	13057 1/3	3780 ~~5076~~		16837 ~~18122~~	1/3
1552	3504	18048	5472 ~~6768~~		23520 ~~24816~~	
1777 1/3	8236	8541 1/3	3780 ~~5076~~		12321 ~~13617~~	1/3
1777 1/3	3156	13621 1/3	3780 ~~5076~~		16401 ~~18697~~	1/3
1552 2/3	~~28812~~ 18616	58042 2/3	~~15372~~ ~~23688~~	7120	~~22776~~ ~~28850~~	2/3.

Tumkur Dist.

150 D.E.O.) 20 D.E.O.)	670 P.M.	Set off. (i) cost of D.E.O. estt.	220 <u>420</u>	640	
	90 "	(ii) Pay of Judl. Gumastas of 3 Sub Dn. Offices at Rs.30		90	
	312 " ~~xxx~~ 1072 or 12864 P.A.	(iii) do. in taluk offi- ces at 28 1/2 avg. pay. for 10 1014 x 12	285		12168
Bench Cts. Taluk and	40 x 12	Add. (i) 10 Bench Courts at Rs.40 for each	400		
	5280 "	Estt. for D.C's office Rev. Sub. Dn. Offices for Excise Work as per scale for Hassan.	322		8664
		722 x 12			
		Net deduction.			
	3864 9144 " 3720	~~12168~~ - 8664		3504	
		Chitaldrug Dt.			
		Set off.			
		(i) D.E.O.'s pay	180 p.m.		
		do. estt. as per Hassan Scale.	420		
		Pay of the Judl. Gumastas of 3 Sub. Dn. offices at Rs.30	90		
		Pay of the Judl. Munshies of the tk. offices. 9 x 28 1/2 (avg)	255		
		945 x 12			11340
		Add. Estt. of Bench Courts. in each taluk at Rs.40 for 9 Cts.	360		
		do. estt. for D.C's office Rev. Sub. Dn. office for excise work	322		
		682 x 12		8184	
		Net deduction.			
		11340 - ~~884~~	8184	3156	

Flag R	Serial No.	Flag B. R. containing a statement of costs for introducing the Scheme in the remaining 4 Districts is put up. Pay of the second grade magistrate is taken at $150 - \frac{25}{2} - 250$, and of the 1st grade magistrate at $250 - 25 - 45$. In all cases averages are taken.
Flag Q.		For Kolar, the District magistrate has sent in his scheme which is marked flag Q. The Scheme does not take into account, all the reductions that are possible, and costs Rs 27,709 (Rs 22,528 recurring and Rs 5,181 non-recurring) for one 1st grade Court, and 2 second grade ones. Pays are however, calculated on the existing rates.
		Scott calculations, which take into account, all expenses, and all possible reductions, appear to be more accurate, as a basis for proceeding. For Kolar, the assurance of the District magistrate, regarding accommodation may be taken. This will reduce the cost by Rs 2400/- in case 3 second grade Courts are given and by Rs 1800/- in case of 2 only.

3878

5534

4353

4762

6/ (60)

File No. 21

of 1922-23

Serial
No.

Nett cost will then be Rs. 20904/- or
Rs. 15037½/- according as 3 second grade
who second grade courts are granted.
This does not include non-recurring
expenditure.

The cheapest district will
be Hassan.

The cost is based on averages.
The actual cost for next year, and
for some more years to come will be
much less. It is also possible to
keep the cost to a minimum by
providing for 2nd grade magistrates only
and transferring the existing 2nd grade
magistrates, who draw Rs. 250/- and
above, as 1st grade magistrates for
courts to be newly established. Their
places may be filled up by men on
150 - 250 - 250. This is about the
cheapest plan to be adopted & will
keep those already in service, as a
separate class, to be eventually absorbed
as 1st grade magistrates on 250 - 250 - 450

Chief Secy

390
15/5/23

Inland with reference to the above note
of 10-5-23
Secy
(and 2nd memb)

1575
1575

Serial
No.

I think two courts must be set up with jurisdiction over the Taluqs of Khar, Males, Mulbagal, Srinivasapur and Chintamani and the other at Chikballapur. Jurisdiction over the area of Taluqs & the area of jurisdiction should be divided into two parts. The first part will give do for the present. Perhaps the Taluq of Chintamani might be added in to Chikballapur if an arrangement is made. It is found that the work of the Special Magistrate Khar will be heavy.

If the two parts Magistrates are to exercise 1st class powers their pay and status cannot be lower than that of an Assistant Commissioner.

There is always a 1st class Magistrate in the old fields and a 2nd class Magistrate of the same grade is not necessary.

As regards Hassan, the 1st class Magistrate appears to be doing a lot of work and will be too much for two Magistrates besides the location of the courts will not be central & will be

55-34
p

64

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue
Secretariat.

File No. 21

of 1922

Serial
No.

in the Kolar District according to
my personal resolution

16/5

10/11/22, 16/5

16/5

16/5

16/5

16/5

Subd

The cost of introducing the scheme in Kolar
as per orders above will be:—

have 150 - 250 - 50 = 400

1 on 45/- 1 on 35/- + 1 on 25/-
Bafad 14/- Pear 12/- 2 person 11/-

2. Second class magistrates at an
average pay of Rs 325 p.m. Rs. 7800

Eschaf 2 courts at Rs 1836 per cent p. A - 367

Contingencies for 2 courts 400

Building Rent - nil - (D.C. says suitable)

Books & furniture for 2 courts 1000

Extra Police and lockup staff at

18-9 + 6 wardens & constables for each - 3384

Total 16,256

as per previous statement p. 8. District Savings 3720

Net cost 12,536

DEWAN'S OFFICE
Recd. on MAY 23 1928
Reg. No. 6859

write 1 file

17.5.23

16/5

Chief Secy)

16/5

Please note
can't send to
my personal
g. v. d. u.
my
17.5

way of
W. B. S.
(may perhaps be considered
in Council)
Secy)

Please consider
17.5
23/5

NOTE - Contn. sheet

Serial
No.

Encl

The cost of introducing the scheme in
Kolar if only 2 second grade magistrates'
Courts are given as per proposed reduced scale
will be:-

1. Pay of 2 second grade magistrates as

Rs 150 $\times$ $\frac{25}{2}$ = 250 - average cost 212 $\frac{7}{9}$ = 424 $\frac{4}{9}$ isRs 509 $\frac{3}{4}$ p.A.

2. Salt for 2 Courts at Rs 18 36/- p. Court 36 72 p.A.

Contingencies for 2 Courts 400

Building rents for 2 Courts nil

Booth & furniture for 2 Courts 1000

Extra Police and Lockup Staff at

1 P. 5. & 6 wardens constables for each Court 3384

Total 13549 $\frac{1}{3}$

Deduct Savings 3720

Net Cost 9829 $\frac{1}{3}$ 29.5.23
AM
29.5.23

Reference - Dewan's order on 28.5.23.

Mag R

In this connection, kind attention
is invited to the typed statement Mag R,
which is prepared, for all districts, according
to the instructions of the Dewan. Even if
1st grade Courts are to be established in
the other districts, it is possible to keep
the cost to a minimum by providing

5534

6665

Serial
No.

for second grade magistrates (m/50-25-250)
only and transferring the existing 2nd
grade magistrates who draw Rs 250/- and
above, as 1st grade magistrates for
the newly established courts, under
the proposed scale of 250-25-450/-
(Dewan)

Cur
29.5.22

DEWAN'S OFFICE.	
Recd. on MAY 29 1922	
Reg. No. 6962	

with file

For the present the
revenue for 1923-24

may be as estimated
for both Khar & Haran
regions. The members
suppose as to courts re-
sulting to fall? may be
1) 2 courts at Khar
& Chul. 2nd grade.
1st grade may all be the
Treasury Officer
for the present.

Haran

- 1 Court at Sukla for
- (1) 2nd grade mag with 1st H.
- (2) 2nd grade mag with 1st H.
- (3) 1st grade Haran. 2
- (4) (Treasury Officer) 205

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

He will not be
PA have

Serial
No.

For 1923-24

Statement showing the cost of introducing the Separation scheme in Kolar and Hassan Districts with the

Treasury Assistant Commissioners as First Grade Mgtes.

Net Cost for
KolarNet Cost for
Hassan

I Grade Mgte (1) No charges, as the T.R.A.C. is to be the Magistrate.

II. Grade Magistrates (2) 3,600 3,600

Estt. Charges for Cts. (3) 4,764 4,764

Contingencies 600 600

Building Rent Nil 1,800 (minus 600 Rs)

Extra Police & Lockup Staff 3,780 3,780

Books and Furniture 1,650 1,650

Total 14,394 16,194

Deduct probable Savings 3,720 8,236

Net Cost for 1923-4 10,674 7,958 (minus Rs 600)

Total cost for the Two Dts. Rs. 18,632. *Saklespur Magistrate gets Rs 250/-*

N.B. The pay of the Second Grade Magistrates is taken in grade 150-200-50-400 at the minimum ie 150/- per mensem. The average pay will be Rs 300/- per mensem.

DEWAN'S OFFICE

Recd. on MAY 3 1924

Reg. No. 7015

For Hassan Rs 600/- in rent for building
31-5-23 maybe deducted, as Court can be held in my
31/5 Host Commission's Office in Hassan.

If, as per member's suggestion, the Magistrate exercising 18th class powers (eg. Saklespur) has to get at least Host Comm's pay, Rs 1200/- more have to be added for Hassan. Total cost will be Rs 19,232/- for the Dts.

Release full paid
Dewan 1/10/24, was in the way
31/5

File representation from
the inhabitants of Belur
paying for the location of
a P. M. in Court there is
not to be done. (Flag T)

They have been
told that the representation
will be considered when
the separation scheme is introduced.

NOTE: Contn. sheet.

68 67

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue
Secretariat.

No. File No. 21

of 1922

Serial
No.

budget

may be caused in

L

increased

1926

CS

11/6/22

(For Disposal at a Meeting)

69
No. C. 337

1922-23

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Council Matter.

SUBJECT.

(Clause xii of the schedule)

Introduction of the separation scheme in the remaining districts and the recruitment of Magistrates, Munsiffs and Subordinate Judges.

CIRCULATED TO THE MEMBERS OF COUNCIL.

By Order,

Manu

Chief Secretary to Government.

1st June 1923.

Extraordinary Member of Council.

9956-87
5.6.23
First Member of Council.

From
6-6-23

119
4-6-23
Second Member of Council.

Third Member of Council.

II
280. Subject. - Clause x of the schedule.

Introduction of the separation scheme in the remaining Districts and recruitment of Magistrates, Munsiffs and Subordinate Judges.

OPINION OF THE COUNCIL.

The separation scheme may be introduced in the Kolar District by the establishment of one First Grade Magistrate's Court at Kolar and two Second Grade Magistrate's Courts at Kolar and Chickballapur, details as regards revision of grades of the two classes of Magistrates and the total cost involved being worked up and submitted for sanction in due course.

(Signed) A. R. BANERJI,

Dewan of Mysore.

"EXTRACT"

Mantle

Chief Secretary to Government.

71
C-337 69
No 21 - 22

Subject.—

Introduction of the separation scheme
in the remaining Districts and recruitment of
Magistrates, Munsiffs and Subordinate Judges.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Council is submitted.

310
11/6
SECOND MEMBER.

DPN affs
11/6
10/6

11/6
9-6-25

S. N. Pahl.

Secy

6
11/6

11/6

72
70

Final Note by the Second Member of Council.

Subject:—

Introduction of the separation scheme in the remaining Districts and recruitment of Magistrates, Munsiffs and Subordinate Judges.

The scheme for the separation of judicial and executive functions sanctioned in G.O.No.J.4550-4600 Cts. 312-12-1 dated the ¹⁰20th May 1918 was introduced in the Districts of Shimoga and Bangalore in the year 1919 and in the Mysore and Kadur Districts in the following year. Its extension to the remaining Districts has had to be deferred on account of unfavourable financial conditions. But the demand for the establishment of separate Courts for the trial of Criminal cases in these Districts is being persistently made by the public and it cannot long be resisted after the principle of separating the two functions has been recognised and the scheme actually put into operation in four out of the eight Districts.

With a view to extend the scheme to two more Districts viz., Kolar and Hassan, with effect from the next official year, detailed proposals were obtained from the Deputy Commissioners of these Districts and as will be seen from the accompanying papers various alternative schemes were considered for reducing the cost. The cost of introducing the scheme in both the Districts on the present scale comes to about Rs. 20,000. But it has not been ^{possible} practicable to provide more than Rs. 12,000 for this purpose in the next year's budget.

The matter was considered at the meeting of the Council held on the 7th instant and the following resolution was recorded:—

"The separation scheme may be introduced in the Kolar District by the establishment of one First Grade Magistrate's Court at Kolar and two Second Grade Magistrate's Courts at Kolar and Chickballapur details

-2-

as regards revision of grades of the two classes of Magistrates and the total cost involved being working^g up and submitted for sanction in due course".

His Highness' gracious approval is solicited to the resolution of the Council.

Bangalore,
10th June 1923.

His Highness
MEMBER OF COUNCIL.

Submitted to His Highness.

I submit herewith a Final Note by the...SECOND...

Member of Council on the subject of...introduction...

of the separation scheme in the remaining Dis-

*tricts and recruitment of Magistrates, Munsiffs and
Subordinate Judges,*

*for His Highness' gracious approval. The proposal
is being referred to in my letter to His Highness.*

W. H. S. J.
Dewan.

12 JUN 1923

Record of Cases submitted for the Orders
of His Highness the Maharaja.

Indi / Hindu file



Subject.

Introduction of the Separation
Scheme in the Kolar District.

20

Order.

KRUR
18/6/23

Chief secy up

urgent

6 JUL 1923

6/7/23

No 21 - 22

*Introduction of the Separation Scheme
in the Kolar District.*

(*)

31. All urgent or confidential files returned with His Highness' orders may, in the absence of instructions or indications to the contrary, be ordinarily circulated to the Members of Council for perusal after the issue of orders.

33. The Secretaries concerned should see that orders in the cases referred to above are issued at once and that the files are returned immediately after to the Chief Secretary for circulation to the Members.

34. In all other cases, the files will first be circulated to the Members of Council at headquarters and then sent to the Secretariat concerned for the issue of orders.

Circulated to the Members of Council for perusal of

*

His Highness' orders ^{before} _{after} issue of orders. (Vide Rules 31, 33 and

34 of the Subsidiary Rules for the conduct of business of Council in the Manual of Council Rules and Procedure)

Wattis

6/7/23

Chief Secretary to Govt.

Through the Secretary to Government.

.....Department.

FIRST MEMBER OF COUNCIL.

Wattis
7/7

SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL.

Ja
7/7

THIRD MEMBER OF COUNCIL.

Assistant Secy, Protection -

by
7/7 *car*
7-7

142
6.7.23

Serial
No.

The ^{graves} of the magistrates have to be settled, before the cost can be worked out and submitted for sanction.

Chief Secy

Cug

7-7-23

ad
a draft will be prepared as soon as ad is prepared about the figures of the magts - (Mest member's note on the subject has been submitted to the Secy.)

the
9-7-23

Secy

Draft order on the basis of calculation upon the budget part was made maybe perhaps -

4/7

11/7

11/7

Draft order on the basis of calculation made in page 66, may be sent up.

Serial
No.

Subd into a draft. In this connection it is submitted that a representation has been received from the District Magistrate that the Second Class Magistrate's Court may be located at Dehantam and instead of at Kodal as there where a Bench Court with second class powers may be established for which there are competent men to serve as magistrates.

Q1

12/7/23
Jm
my

Please type corrected & put up.

Subd into a typed draft for consideration

B1

13/7/23

Chief Secy

Please see my remarks with reference to this up to day

See
17-7-23

Subd into 2 drafts. Orders regarding special qualifications for posts in the judicial Deptt have not yet issued.

B1

19.7.23

Cost for 12 months is mentioned in the draft. It will actually be for 10 months less.

Chief Secy

See
20/7

Serial
No.

A.

This draft may be the basis of
in coming - The cat of the
scheme cannot be correct
free of when the report are
settled. Chief points for consideration
are -

- (1) ~~the~~ Pay of members
- (2) Whether the rate will be
18 paise more.
- (3) Whether the rate of 18 paise
is to be
- (4) Date of introduction of scheme

18 members)

Lajpoot A.

25/7

by
24/7

Dewan)

26/7/23

26/7

This scheme has been introduced
by the committee

This scheme has been introduced
by the committee

4/8

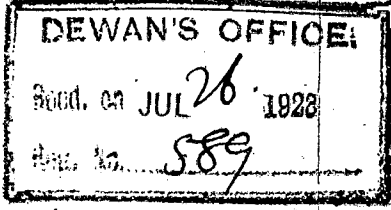
4/8

Chief Secy will inform

20/8

703
26/7/23

The report of the Committee
introduced the separation
scheme in Madras is
attached to this as ordered
by the member



Serial
No.

Cost for the introduction of the

Separation Scheme into Koliar

One First grade magistrate

For nine months
averageActual
for nine
months
year

on 500-50-600. (average

5700.

4500.

Rs 566 2/3 p.m.)

Two Third grade magistrates

on 150-25-250 (average

1910 }
1910 }
3820 }

1350

1350

2700

Rs 212 2/9 p.m.)

Total

Rs

8920 -

7200

~~Deduct~~ Establishment for

Three Courts 1 first grade + two

4764

4764

second of last grade.

3

Contingencies

600

600

4

Setra Police & Lockup

3780

3780

staff

5

Books & furniture

1650

1650

Total

19,714

17,991

Deduct probable savings

3720

3720

Nett Cost

15,994

14,274

Nett actual. Cost will be Rs 14,274 for
the remaining nine months

If a magistrate on Rs 250-25-450.
is appointed instead of one on Rs 500-50-600.
the nett cost for 9 months will be Rs 12,024
Average Cost for the same period " Rs 14,284

avg.
3518

to — &
page 58 7 Aug R.

Cost per year as per present scale of
Magistrates.

1st Grade Magistrates - 11	Avg.cost.	per year.	Total.
4 on Rs. 500-50-600 (Asst.Comrs.)	586 2/3	7040	28160
7 others -on Rs.500-50/2-600 500-50-600	566 2/3	6800	47600
			Total. 75,760
18 Second Grade Magistrates.			
Rs.150 -200-50/3-400	325	3900	70,200

Total cost of Magistrates (1st Grade & 2nd Grade)

Total 75,760 plus 70,200 = 1,45,960

Cost as per scale proposed below.

First Grade Magistrates. 8 on 500-50-600	Avg.cost 586 2/3	7040	56,320
Second Grade Magistrates 9 on 250-25-450	Avg.cost 376 2/9	4514 2/3	40,632
2x3 Third Grade Magistrates 12 on 150-25/2-250	Avg.cost. 212 2/9	2546 2/3	30,560
			Total. 1,27,512.

car
20/8

1,45,960
1,27,512

Rs 18,448
1680
20128

82
2. 'C337' 78

Urgent List
Subject.

Introduction of the Separation Scheme in the remaining districts and the recruitment of Magistrates, Munsiffs and Sub Judges.

...

OPINION OF THE COUNCIL.

discussed.
5+3-1000 further worked up in the bars 7:-
8 in 500-50-600-
9 in 250-25-4500
now 150-25-250.

by
20/8/23

x C 20 (darker)
1348
22-8-23

presented to 1st member
with the file re
revising the scales
pay of special magts

by
M/S

a note is sent to
• appended.

The financial
effect of the 2nd

revised or.
The calculation to 2nd
re. Working up towards
my 24.5 and 2500

This has been included
in the agenda for the next meeting
28/8
29/8

42. Subject. Clause xii of the schedule.

Introduction of the Separation Scheme in the remaining districts and the recruitment of Magistrates, Munsiffs and Sub-Judges.

OPINION OF THE COUNCIL.

The scale of Special Magistrates may be revised as follows:-

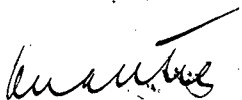
8	-	First Grade	Rs. 500-50-600
9	-	Second Grade	" 250-25-450
12	-	Third Grade	" 150-25/2-250.

The question of the recruitment of the Magistrates from among the Assistant Commissioners, Judicial Department, the Subordinate Service and the Bar ~~might~~ may be separately considered. The scheme may be introduced into the Kolar District from 1st October and one appointment of Second Grade Magistrate and two of the Third Grade may be sanctioned.

(Signed) A. R. BANERJI,

Dewan of Mysore.

"EXTRACT"



General and Revenue
Secretariat.C 337942-23
Kedwile C 209 1923-4 84
84
80
W D 473-GPB-1,000-12-9-18

No File No. 21 of 1922

Subject.- Introduction of the Separation Scheme
in the remaining districts and the recruitment
of Magistrates, Munsiffs and Sub-Judges.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Council is put up.

Forwarded, with compliments, to the Financial Secretary
to Government, under paragraph 9 * of the Government
Order No. G. 17572-8-G. M. 676-17-1, dated 22nd June
1918.

By Order,

W. A. S.
3.18

Chief Secretary to Government.

W. A. S.
1.9.23*Manuscript note*
1/31787
6.9.23

1st Member

Final Note signed by the Member is placed in the

Am.
579

S. N. Subd.

No. 579/23.

Secy

1.
579

FIRST.
Final Note by the ~~Second~~ Member of Council.

Subject

Introduction of the Separation Scheme in the remaining
Districts and the recruitment of Magistrates, Munsiffs and Sub-Judges

*Pages 70 & 71
of office notes* Reference is invited to my Final Note^x dated 10th June 1923 submitting for the gracious approval of His Highness, the Council Resolution of the 7th idem regarding the introduction of the Separation Scheme in the Kolar District by the establishment of one First Grade Magistrate's Court at Kolar and two Second Grade Magistrates' Courts at Kolar and Chickballapur. Details as regards revision of grades of the two classes of Magistrates and the cost involved were then reserved for separate consideration.

Page 79 of do. 2. These details and the financial effect thereof were considered at the last meeting of the Council and the following resolution^x was recorded:-

"The scale of Special Magistrates may be revised as follows:-

8	..	First Grade	..	Rs. 500-50-600
9	..	Second Grade	..	Rs. 250-25-450
12	..	Third Grade	..	Rs. 150-25-250

The question of the recruitment of the Magistrates from among the Assistant Commissioners, Judicial Department, the Subordinate Service and the Bar may be separately considered. The Scheme may be introduced into the Kolar District from 1st October and one appointment of Second Grade Magistrate and two of the Third Grade may be sanctioned.

3. Under the old Scheme, there were only two classes of Special Magistrates, the First Grade with a pay of Rs. 500-50/2-600 and the Second Grade 150-200-50/3-400 and their number was 11 and 19 respectively

F
in the limited file
respectively. It has been proposed to reduce the number of Second Grade Magistrates' Courts in the Kolar District from 3 to 2, and so the total number of ^{special} Second Grade Magistrates' Courts will be 29 instead of 30. The number of First Grade Magistrates will be 8 instead of 11. In the result, there will be a saving of Rs. 20,000/- p.a. when the scheme is fully introduced into all the Districts.

G
4. The resolution of the Council may be graciously approved.

Bangalore,
4th September 1923.

Hei Hanzy Muen
MEMBER OF COUNCIL.

87

Submitted to His Highness.

These papers relate to the extension of the Separation Scheme in the remaining four Districts of the State. In the original order estimating the total cost, when the scheme was introduced in all the 8 districts, 2 grades of Magistrates were created, one corresponding to the grade of Sub Judges and the other corresponding to the grade of Assistant Commissioners and Munsiffs, and there were 11 provided in the first and 19 in the second. Experience gained since the scheme was introduced indicates the desirability of effecting a change in the grades then created. It has been found impossible to extend the scheme owing to the heavy cost. Besides, as indicated in my minute recorded in the file, there have been some difficulties and anomalies in carrying out the scheme as sanctioned. Although at the time I was of opinion that the Second Grade Magistrates should be paid higher than the pay originally sanctioned, I have come to the conclusion, after inspecting the work as well as the conditions prevailing in the districts, especially in view of the fact that -- previously the Sub Division Officers exercised the First Class Magistrates' functions and Amildars exercised Second Class Magistrates' functions, that it would facilitate the introduction of the scheme throughout if a slight readjustment of the cadre is made by which there would be the original grade of the First Grade Magistrate -- corresponding to that of the Senior Assistant Commissioners and Sub Judges as well as the original grade of Second Grade Magistrates corresponding to the grade of Munsiffs and Assistant Commissioners, and a third grade is only introduced which should correspond to the grade of Amildars.

The matter has been discussed more than once in the Council and the present resolution has been arrived at as a most satisfactory solution, which, while effecting a saving of about Rs. 20,000 when the scheme is totally introduced, also provides for the easy mode of recruitment and gives all the remaining districts the chance of securing the Separation Scheme in the near future. His Highness

See 79 of
Office Notes
G

2.

Page 73 of
Office Note has already approved of the introduction of the Scheme in the Kolar District in the current year and the resolution of the Council on the general question of pay and grades as well as the introduction of the scheme on that basis in the Kolar District may be graciously approved.

Bangalore,)
6th Septr. 1923.)


6 SEP 1923

Record of Cases submitted for the Orders
of His Highness the Maharaja.

Subject.

Revision of the scale of Special
Magistrates and introduction of the scheme
into the Kolar District.



181

Order.

KRM

17/9/23

Chief
Agent
Dated as per
rule

4

for receipt 18 SEP 1923

Comptroller (Revenue)

18/9

9.0
C 20
linked with

Serial
No.

Revision of the Scale of Special
Magistrates and introduction of
the Scheme into the Kolar District

(*)

31. All urgent or confidential files returned with His Highness' orders may, in the absence of instructions or indications to the contrary, be ordinarily circulated to the Members of Council for perusal after the issue of orders.

33. The Secretaries concerned should see that orders in the cases referred to above are issued at once and that the files are returned immediately after to the Chief Secretary for circulation to the Members.

34. In all other cases, the files will first be circulated to the Members of Council at headquarters and then sent to the Secretariat concerned for the issue of orders.

Circulated to the Members of Council for perusal of

His Highness' orders ^{before} _{after} issue of orders. (Vide Rules 31, 33 and 34 of the Subsidiary Rules for the conduct of business of Council in the Manual of Council Rules and Procedure.)

h. m. s.
1879
Chief Secretary to Govt.

*Immed. circ.
to the Members of
Council for perusal
1879*
Through the Secretary to Government,
General Department.

FIRST MEMBER OF COUNCIL.

SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL.

THIRD MEMBER OF COUNCIL.

5524

91

Serial
No.

Res. with fine drafts for orders

B. but
19/18/25

The larger draft
is suitable

Drafts are sent for
consideration. The draft related
to jurisdiction is based on the recommendation
of the District Magistrate. Alternative
drafts are put up for the revision
in the existing forms of magistrates.
Either of them may be approved.

Genl Secy

Fin Drafts for order
19/19/25

20/24
19/19

15th March
Dura

Please be notified
submit fine drafts.

Wm
24/9

Revised drafts put up for
consideration after discussion with
the Genl Secy. A second form may
be ~~submitted~~ maybe posted to
Chief Magistrate with 182 class papers
one first grade magistrate from Bangalore
maybe posted to Kolar with appeal

Serial
No.

powers, and a third grade magistrate appointed to take charge of the 3rd grade court at Kolar.

This will mean an exchange of a third grade magistrate sanctioned for a first-grade one. If the Mandya magistrate is transferred to Bangalore & given 18th class powers & a newly appointed third grade magistrate posted to Mandya, the allocation will be in accordance with the sanctioned scale.

If it is unavoidable to invest the newly appointed second grade magistrate with 18th class powers, he may be made to take charge of any court in the other districts, and an experienced 2nd grade magistrate transferred to Chikhalapuri & given 18th class powers. Only a second grade & two third grade magistrates can be further appointed by a redistribution of magistrates, it can be arranged to give Kolar, a first-grade, a second grade & a third grade magistrate.

Encl (2)

1st March

caj
12-21/22

Serial
No.

Drafts further revised, after orders
of the members... sent for app
18th member

2532
relly

caq
2379

The work of the K & F Magistrates
may be very heavy - The K & F Magistrate
is the member who presides over the members
of the Sanitary Board - The head of all the
2nd & 3rd class cases will render his Court
very heavy & it may be that he may not
be able to manage it - Why not add the
Principal Magistrate including the Sanitary
Board and then presiding over the 2nd class
Magistrate's Court - What is the recommendation
of the District Magistrate. I would like to
framed with the person of the Principal
Secretary -

the

24/9

The K & F Magistrates
jurisdiction may be confined to the
2nd & 3rd class cases in the
Sanitary Board Area - First class
cases in the rest of the District
Taluk may go to the First
class Magistrate at Khar, & 2nd & 3rd
class cases in this area may

General and Revenue
Secretariat.

File No.

21

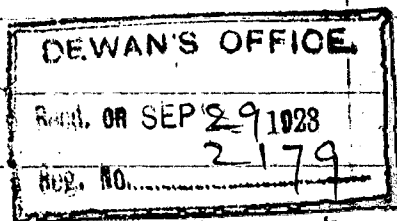
of 19 22

Serial
No.Go to the 2nd Class Magistrate
at Koton

At present the Spl Magistrate
Koton has all 1st Class Cases
of Boring - taken & all 2nd
3rd Class Cases of the Sanitary
Board area. All 2nd &
3rd class Cases outside the
Sanitary Board area are now
hand of the Amildar Magistrate.
Most of these Cases are trans-
ferred to the Spl Magistrate Koton
it will throw too much work
on him.

The District Magistrate pro-
poses - Flag Q - is to have the
jurisdiction of the Spl Magistrate
Koton as at present. His pro-
posals are not very clear &
definite.

It appears best to limit
the jurisdiction of the Spl
Magistrate Koton to the Sanitary
Board area.



with 2 files

22/9
27/9

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

15th March 1924
Superintendent
Koton
The District Magistrate
Koton
Sardar
25/9
28/9
2/10

General and Revenue
Secretariat.

File No. 21

of 1922

Serial
No.

6 To the Deputy Comptroller
" Comptroller
" Deputy Asst. Comptroller
" S.D. & S.D. in charge.

S.D. no. p. 1974-2038 of 5.10.23

Notifies the Depute of the S.D. magistrates
under the Separation Scheme

7

To the Deputy Comptroller, S.D. Nagar, S.D. Nagar, S.D. Nagar,
" S.D. Nagar, S.D. Nagar, S.D. Nagar,
" S.D. Nagar, S.D. Nagar, S.D. Nagar

S.D. no. p. 2040-52 of 5.10.23

Sanctions the instructions of the Separation
Scheme in the Nagar District with effect from 1st Nov 1923.

8

To the Comptroller, S.D. Nagar & Deputy Comptroller

S.D. no. p. 2055 of 5.10.23

Notifies the instructions of the Separation
Scheme in the Nagar District with effect from 1st Nov 1923.

9

To the Comptroller, S.D. Nagar & Deputy Comptroller

S.D. no. p. 2058 of 5.10.23

Notifies the establishment of 3 new posts
in the Nagar District.

10

To the Comptroller, S.D. Nagar & Deputy Comptroller

S.D. no. p. 2061 of 5.10.23

Notifies the withdrawal of magisterial
posts of S.D. Nagar & S.D. Nagar in the Nagar
District with effect from 1st Nov 1923.

SUBJECT.....

Diary No. of letter replied to.....

Section *cb*File No. *11-2*

Serial No.

General and Revenue Secretariat

No. *P 657*

Date of issue

24/7/21

To

Dear Sir,

Signed by

M. C. A. S.

It seems you promised to furnish the Dewan with a note as to the ~~revision required~~

~~During your interview with the Dewan, it seems that the Dewan Sahab requested you to propose the revision required in the rules for the recruitment of 1st and grade Second class magistrates, Munsifs and Subjedges. and that you had promised a note on the same.~~

I am to request you to kindly forward the note prepared by you as promised at an early date.

*Yours sincerely**car**1917*

Mr. S. Sivaraman P.A. B.L.
St. Macintoshes

1917

1917

Routine Notes.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

AS 70
57/22
277

528
277 P.

D.O.No. C. 46
Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
Kolar District,
Dated, Kolar, 22nd July 1922.

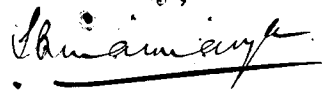
25 JUL 1922

SECRETARY
JUDICIAL BRANCH.

Dear Sir,

It is true that I promised to -
furnish the Dewan with a note on the recruit-
ment of Special Magistrates and Civil Judges.
But I could not do this before I left Banga-
lore. I am however preparing a note on the -
subject now and I shall submit it to the De-
wan. I shall also send a copy for your infor-
mation.

Yours Sincerely,



To

B. Venkaoba Rao, Esq., B.A.,
Secretary, to Govt.,
General Department,
Bangalore.

N.B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips,
the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on
this form.

Ref 200 906

C.O. 45.-R.P.B.-8-1921-5,000. 986

No. 6538

ENCLOS. 1

Dated Bangalore,

14th

AUGUST

192 2

54-22 3

FROM

REV. SEC.

Major C.T.C. Plowden, I

SECRETARY TO THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

4 AUG 1922

The General Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

15 AUG 1922

Reference

my memorandum

No. 5753, dated the 15th July 1922.

Subject:-

Report of the Committee appointed by the Government of Bengal to elaborate a practical working scheme for the separation of Executive and Judicial functions in the administration of Bengal and to report on the cost thereof.

A copy of the above report is forwarded.

2. The Government of Bengal state that the report has not yet been published and they wish, therefore, that it should be treated as strictly confidential.

Copy of the report sent to the P.S. Library marked strictly confidential

SECRETARY TO THE RESIDENT.

AVR

PN. 15/10/22.

22/8/5

99

SUBJECT.....

Diary No. of letter replied to.....

528
906

Section

File No.

Serial No

CS
21-22

General and Revenue Secretariat

()

, the

191

No.

201/75

Date of issue

21-8-22

To

The Secretary to the Hon'ble the President

Signed by

M. B. Venkoba Rao

Sd/-

I am directed to acknowledge,
with thanks, the receipt of the Report of
the Committee appointed to elaborate
a practical working scheme for the
separation of Executive and judicial
functions in the Administration of Bangalore
~~and to report on the same~~ forwarded
with your letter 6538 of the 8. 22. 22
as desired,
and to state that the report will be
treated as strictly confidential
over.

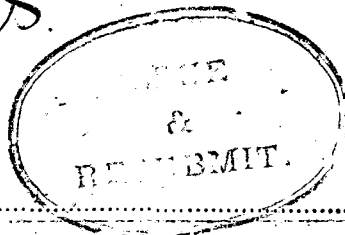
I have etc

CS
9.8

For gently

11.2.22
100/100

2 days



100

SUBJECT.....

Diary No. of letter replied to

5-28

Section *CS*

File No. *21-2*

Serial No *5*

General and Revenue Secretariat

()
the 191 . }

No.

P 1334

Date of issue

22/8/22

To Mr D-m. Nola.

Dear Sir,

Signed by

M. Cas.

With reference to your A.O.

letter no C16.8 22.7.1922, I
am ~~desired~~ *desire* by the Secretary to
and ~~directed~~ *request* you to kindly ^{State} ~~let~~

~~me know~~ whether the promised note

on the recruitment of Special
Magistrate, and ^{Sub Judge's report} ~~and~~ ~~has~~ *has*

been submitted to the Dewan if so

a copy of the same may kindly be

forwarded ~~to me~~ for the Secretary's information.

Yours sincerely

cas
9.8

over.

15.8.22
M
18/8

101
No. D.O. 43 Office of the Deputy Commr
Kolar District,
Dated, Kolar, 28th August 1921

My dear Sir,

I submit herewith as promised, a brief note, on the question of recruitment to the grade of Special Magistrates in the State. I much regret the delay in preparing-which was unavoidable.

With kind & respectful
regards

Yours Sincerely

A.R. Banerji, Esq, M.A., I.C.S.,

C.S.I., C.I.E.,

Dewan of Mysore, B a n g a l o r e.

CS-21-22-6

1806

P 102

Recruitment to the grade of Special Magistrates.

The Magistrates posted permanently to the cadre whether of the First or Second grade should invariably be graduates in Law.

The Cadre should form part of the Judicial Service, though the Magistrates should work under the disciplinary control of the District Magistrates.

Promotion to the grade of Magistrates from Amildari or Police service or from the officers of the Assistant Commissioners' class should be stopped without prejudice to the reservation of a certain number of vacancies in both grades for the temporary deputation of Amildars and Assistant Commissioners to receive training in Magisterial work.

To make up for the loss of promotion open to Assistant Commissioners, the number of senior Assistant Commissioners may be retained as at present. The Magistrates should not look for promotion in the executive line.

The cadres of First grade Magistrates and subordinate judges may be amalgamated and similarly only one list maintained for Munsiffs and Second grade Magistrates. Recruitment from the Bar to the grade of Magistrates may be definitely recognised but a lower age limit than now may be fixed.

The appointment of Magistrates of both grades should vest only in Government.

GEN & REV. SECRET

SEP 1922

16508

))))))

C-491

22

4/9

Copy forwarded with Compt. limits to
the Secretary to Govt. General Dept.

Shanmugam

38982

5534

103

je 377/n-23
enc 2

Office of the District Magistrate, Kolar District.

Dated Kolar, the 3rd May 1923.

MS

From

S. Hiriannaiya, Esq., M.A., B.L.,
District Magistrate, Kolar District.

To

The Secretary to Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General Department, Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to your letter No:P.5624/Cts.dated the 12th January 1923, asking for the submission of detailed proposals in the matter of the introduction of the Separation Scheme into the Kolar District, I have the honor to state as follows:-

2. Location of Courts:- Excluding the K.G.F.Special Magistrate's Court and the Munsiff Magistrate's Court which will continue as heretofore it is proposed to give to this District one Special First Grade Magistrate and two 2nd Grade Magistrates' Courts (Vide page 17 of the Dewan's Notes of inspection). The First Grade Magistrate's Court may be established at Kolar, and of the two second Grade Magistrates' Courts, one may be located at Kolar and the other at Chikballapur. The jurisdiction of the First Grade Court will extend throughout the District excluding the area under the jurisdiction of the Special Magistrate, K.G.F., and that of the 2nd Grade Courts will correspond to the two Revenue Sub Division charges of Kolar and Chikballapur. The 2nd Grade Magistrate at Kolar will exercise jurisdiction over Bowringpet Taluk also. (excepting S.B. area?)

3. From a reference to the statistics of the last 3 years (as per enclosed statement) it will be seen that the average No: of first, 2nd and 3rd class cases that came up for disposal in the District excluding K.G.F. area but including committal cases were 375, 350 and 1430 respectively. This large volume of criminal work cannot, of course, be got through by only three courts. I would therefore suggest the establishment of Bench Courts at all Taluk Head Quarters for the disposal of petty 3rd class cases, the Bench Court at Kolar being however invested

with 2nd Class powers, as it is possible to secure an adequate number of intelligent and experienced men to sit as Honorary Magistrates on the Bench at Kolar. I have already submitted my proposals for the establishment of a Bench Court at Bowringpet in my letter No:J.C.442/22-23 dated 21-2-23.

4. If all the First Class Cases have to be dealt with by the sole First Class Magistrate at Kolar, the work would be too heavy for him, as he will have appellate work as well, besides causing considerable inconvenience to the public and the Police and extra expense in escorting prisoners owing to the distance that has to be traversed from Bagepalli, Gudibanda, and Goribidnur Taluks. In order to obviate this inconvenience it is absolutely necessary that the Magistrate's Court at Chikballapur should be presided over by an experienced officer with First Class Magisterial powers.

5. At the recent meeting held for the selection of subjects for the Birthday Session of the Representative Assembly, many members expressed the view that the establishment of only two 2nd grade Courts would cause considerable trouble to the public, as they will have to travel long distances and that unless the Government find it possible to give more Courts, the introduction of the Scheme would not result in any material advantage either to the public or Government. There seems to be much force in this representation.

According to the original scheme sanctioned in G.O. of the 10th May 1918 Kolar District should have three 2nd Grade Courts, but it is now proposed to give only 2 second grade courts for the present. I would suggest for the kind consideration of Government the establishment of a 3rd Court at Chikballapur as soon as possible. For, otherwise the full advantage of the introduction of the Scheme ^{will not be realised and in extreme} cases when parties have to traverse long distances it would result almost in a denial of justice. I would also point out that judged by the standard set up by the Special Officer, Mr. S. Rajagopalachari, in paragraph 7 of his Annual report the work would be too heavy for the Courts.

6. ACCOMMODATION:- For the present, and as a very temporary measure, it may be possible to accommodate the first and 2nd grade Courts at Kolar, by suitable readjustment of existing offices. The

d

The question of extending the buildings by putting up the first floor over some rooms may be taken up sometime later. The Court at Chikballapur may likewise be temporarily located in the old Travellers' Bungalow.

7. As regards establishment, including orderlies, furniture and contingencies the scale sanctioned to similar Courts in G.O. Nos: G.27798-805/Cts. 197-18-2 and J.4550-4600/Cts. 312-12-1 dated the 12th June 19 and 10th May 18 may be adopted with an increase of 20% in the cost of the furniture which could not be had here at the same rates as were sanctioned when the Special Grade Courts were established in Kadur and Mysore Districts.

Bench Courts:- 8. It is reported that accommodation can be provided for ~~each~~ ^{the} Bench Courts at all the Taluk head quarters except at Kolar, Bowringpet, Mulbagal, Bagepalli, and Malur. In my proposals for the establishment of the Bench Court at Bowringpet, I have recommended the grant of a rent of Rs 10/- per mensem for the building to be hired there for locating the Bench Court and rent not exceeding that amount may be sanctioned for each of the places mentioned above, where Government buildings are not available. The scale of establishment and contingencies recommended for the Bowringpet Bench Court may be adopted in respect of the other Bench Courts also. In order to keep down the cost, as far as possible, I have proposed that the Judicial gumasthas in Taluk offices should be drafted for work in the Bench Courts. A peon can also be spared from the Taluk Staff out of the number now proposed to be retrenched. But I would suggest that this should be considered as a tentative arrangement, as it may not be possible without prejudice to work in Taluk Offices to spare the services of the Taluk Judicial Gumasthas, permanently for the Bench Courts, since the Amildars continue to attend to certain executive functions such as grant of licenses &c., for which they require the help of the Judicial gumastha. A prosecuting Inspector would also be necessary for Chikballapur.

9. According to the above proposals, the total cost of the scheme amounts to Rs 27,709 of which 22,528 will be recurring charges and Rs 5,181 nonrecurring. A statement showing the details of expenditure is appended for information.

Lock up accommodation:- 10. The provision of lock up accommodation at

(5)

10/

District as early as possible.

I have the honor to be,
S i r;
Your most obedient servant,

Manamayi

District Magistrate,
Kolar District.

mls

V.V.R.2.

Sl No.	Name of Court	For the Year 1919:20.												For		
		1st class Cases			2nd Class Cases			3rd class cases			Possession Cases			1st. Class cases		
		no. for disposal	disposed	Pending	no. for disposal	disposed	Pending	no. for disposal	disposed	Pending	no. for disposal	disposed	Pending	no. for disposal	disposed	Pending
1	Accidental Magistrate, Kolar				22	10	12	116	100	16						3
2	" Badrinipet				8	7	1	106	92	14						3
3	" Mulbagal				26	24	2	142	136	6						2
4	" Malur							81	64	17						
5	" Sriniwaspet				21	15	6	129	94	35						
6	" Chintamani				31	27	4	178	146	32						2
7	" Sidlaghatta				45	45	-	60	40	20						
8	" Chikballapur				20	20	-	106	106	-						
9	" Bagelalli				43	37	6	113	97	16						
10	" Gontidneer				28	22	6	118	113	5						
11	" Gudibanda							47	44	3						
12	J.C.M. Kolar	115	92	23	15	8	7	1	1	5	4	1	149	127	22	
13	" Chikballapur	191	101	90	30	12	18	17	12	5			194	58	136	
14	Treasury Magistrate, Kolar	1	1	-	8	8	-	98	98	-						
15	J.C.M. Chintamani	93	85	8	18	15	3	2	1	1			31	24	-	3
Total		400	279	121	315	250	65	1304	1103	171	5	4	1	374	209	165
Average for three years.																

I

II

III

Kolar.

379

358

1430

Dated - 3/5/23.

[illegible]

Asruvacharya
In District Magistrate-
ll Kolar, Dist
3.5.23.

109

Statement showing the Cost that will have to be incurred in connection with the introduction of the Scheme for the Separation of Judicial from Executive functions.

No.	Name of Court	Name of Post.		Pay of post.	Furniture and books.		Contingency.		Rent for building	Remarks.
		No.	Name		Name of furniture	Cost.	Contingency	Cost.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	First grade Court - Kolar.	1	Special magistrate - at Rs 550/-	6600	Furniture	900	Contingency -	200	-	
		1	Head clerk at Rs 55/-	660	Books	100				
		1	2nd clerk at Rs 40/-	480						
		1	3rd clerk at Rs 30/-	360						
		1	4th clerk at Rs 25/-	300						
		1	Daffedar at Rs 12/-	144						
		3	peons at Rs 10 each.	360						
			Total -	8904		1000		200	-	-
2	2nd grade Court - Chickballapur.	1	Senior 2nd grade magistrate on Rs 350/-	4200	Furniture	720	Contingency	200		
		1	Head clerk on Rs 45/-	540	Books	100				
		1	2nd clerk on Rs 35/-	420						
		1	3rd clerk on Rs 25/-	300						
		1	Daffedar on Rs 12/-	144						
		3	peons at 10 Rs each.	360						
		1	Prosecuting Inspector at 88 Rs per mensem - 105.6 Cycle allowance at 7 1/2 Rs per mensem - 90	1146						
			Total	7110		820		200		
3	2nd grade Court - Kolar.	1	2nd grade magistrate on Rs 250/-	3000	Furniture	720	Contingency -	200		
		1	Head clerk on Rs 45/-	540	Books	100				
		1	2nd clerk on Rs 35/-	420						
		1	3rd clerk on Rs 25/-	300						
		1	Daffedar on Rs 12/-	144						
		3	peons at Rs 10/- each.	360						
			Total -	4764		820		200		

Pay of the post. Furniture & Bkts. Contingencies.
 Grand Total. 20778 Rs. 2640 Rs. 600 Rs.

Recurring expenditure - 21378 Rs. Non-recurring expenditure - 2660 Rs.

Cost of Establishing Bench Courts.

No.	Nature of establishment.	Cost	Furniture	Number + nature.	Cost	Rent for building	Contingency.
1	11 clerks at Rs 30/- each for 11 bench Courts.	3960	1) 2 oak wood tables 2 at Rs 30/- each; one for Court use & the other for clerk. 2) 12 tables for the use of lawyers at 30 Rs. (13) Nine chairs at 8 1/2 Rs each. (14) 2 oak wood bench one for each Court at Rs 12/- (15) Property box at Rs 15/- (16) 2 oak wood almirahs at Rs 35/- (17) Notice board at 2 Rs each.	2 Tables 1 Table 9 Chairs 1 Bench Property box 1 Almirah Notice Board Total - 231 Rs each for 11 Courts.	60 30 77 12 15 35 2	Bayapalli. 10 Rs. Bosringpet 10 " Mulbagal 10 " Tolar 10 " Malur 10 " (monthly). for 12 months	11 Courts at Rs 50/- each per annum.
2	11 peons at Rs 10/- each.	1320					
Total.		5280 Rs		Furniture -	2541 Rs.	600	550 Rs.

Establishment - Rs 5280.

Furniture - " 2541

Rent " 600

Contingency - " 550

Grand Total - 8971 Rs

Total Cost of Special Courts. Rs 24018.

- do - Bench Courts. " 8971.

Total - Rs 32,989.

District pay of clerks & peons to be drafted from the }
 Taluk office establishment for Bench Courts. } " 5280.

Rs 27,709.

Recurring expenditure - Rs 22528/- }
 Non-recurring expenditure - 5181/- }

Accountant
 In District Magistrate-
 R
 3-5-23.

lts 21-22-16
S.O.

Alternative Draft

A 111

Proceedings of the Govt. of H.H. the
Maharaja of Mysore.

Approved
H.S.

R e a d :--

G.O.No.J. 4550-4600/ Cts. 312-12-

dated 10th May 1918, sanctioning the scheme
for the separation of Executive from Judicial
functions in the State and providing for 2
grades of Magistrates in the scheme.

Order, No.

P1974-2738

Sign by Mr. C. A. S.

With a view to facilitate the early
introduction of the scheme of separation of
judicial from executive functions throughout
the State by limiting the additional expendi-
ture which the introduction of separate
criminal courts involves, to what can be pro-
vided for under the present financial condi-
tions, ~~it is directed~~ ^{Got an plan to direct} that the scale of pay
of the special magistrates and the number in
each scale as well as the number of magistrate
courts be revised as follows:-

Existing scale.

First Grade Magistrates.	11 on
Rs. 500-50/2-600	
Second Grade Magistrates	19 on
Rs. 150-200-50/3-400	
No. of courts	30

Revised scale.

First Grade Magistrates	8 on
Rs. 500-50-600	
Second Grade Magistrates	9 on
Rs. 250-25-450	
Third Grade Magistrates	12 on
Rs. 150-25/2-250.	
No. of courts	29.

The 1st grade Magistrates
will be 1st class Magistrates
& will as a rule exercise
Appellate powers. The 2nd
grade Magistrates will generally
exercise 2nd class powers
in the 1st class cases & will exercise
Appellate powers in the 2nd class cases.

The net result ² of the above arrangement
is a saving of Rs. 20,000 per annum when the
scheme is fully introduced into all the Dis-
tricts.

The question of the recruitment of magis-

trates and the allocation of the existing

Magistrates will be considered with 1st class & Appellate powers
in the 1st class cases & will exercise Appellate powers in the 2nd class cases.

✓
magistrates in the new grades are reserved
for separate consideration.

R9/9
car General Secy. to Govt.,
47

The Registrar, Chief court.

The Comptroller.

Other Heads of Deptts.

The Dy. Commissioners and Dist. Magistrates of Dist.

Press Table.

3/ 2009/42 7 9/10/20
2 The Commission

S. O.

Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENTS.

G. O. No. P. 1974-2038—Cts. 21-22-6, dated 5th October 1923.

Special Magistrates

Revises the scale of pay of — under the separation scheme.

READ—

Government Order No. J. 4550-4600—Cts. 312-12-1, dated 10th May 1918; sanctioning the scheme for the separation of Executive from Judicial functions in the State and providing for two grades of Magistrates in the scheme.

No. P. 1974-2038—Cts. 21-22-6, DATED 5TH OCTOBER 1923.

With a view to facilitate the early introduction of the scheme of separation of Judicial from Executive functions throughout the State by limiting the additional expenditure which the introduction of separate criminal courts involves, to what can be provided for under the present financial conditions, Government are pleased to direct that the scale of pay of the Special Magistrates and the number in each scale as well as the number of Magistrates' courts be revised as follows:—

Existing scale.	Revised scale.
First Grade Magistrates : 11 on Rs. 500— $\frac{50}{8}$ —600.	First Grade Magistrates : 8 on Rs. 500—50—600.
Second Grade Magistrates : 19 on Rs. 150-200— $\frac{50}{8}$ —400.	Second Grade Magistrates : 9 on Rs. 250—25—450.
Number of Courts, 30.	Third Grade Magistrates : 12 on Rs. 150— $\frac{25}{2}$ —250.
	Number of Courts : 29.

The net result of the above arrangement is a saving of Rs. 20,000 per annum when the scheme is fully introduced into all the districts.

The First Grade Magistrates will be First Class Magistrates and will, as a rule, exercise appellate powers. The Second Grade Magistrates will generally exercise Second Class powers and may in special cases, be invested with First Class and appellate power. The Third Grade Magistrates will generally exercise Second Class powers.

The question of the recruitment of Magistrates and the allocation of the existing Magistrates in the new grades is reserved for separate consideration.

B. NAGAPPA,
*Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.*

To—The Registrar, Chief Court.
The Comptroller to Government.
The other Heads of Departments.
The Deputy Commissioners and District Magistrates of Districts.

PRESS TABLE.

Exd—P. S. R. N.

S. O.

Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENTS.

G. O. No. P. 1974-2038—Cts. 21-22-6, dated 5th October 1923.

Special Magistrates

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READ—

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B. NAGAPPA,
*Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.*

To—The Registrar, Chief Court.
The Comptroller to Government.
The other Heads of Departments.
The Deputy Commissioners and District Magistrates of Districts.
PRESS TABLE.

Exd—P. S. R. N.

R e a d :--

G.O.No. 4550-4600/Cts. 312-12-1 dated 10th May 1918, sanctioning a scheme for the separation of Judicial and Executive functions in the State.

2. G.O.No.G. 7962-69/Cts. 27-18-3 dated 1st November 1918 establishing two First Class Magistrate's Courts, excluding the City Magistrate's Court at Bangalore, and 4 Second class Magistrate's Courts, under the scheme, in the Bangalore and Shimoga Districts.

3. G.O.No.G. 27798-805/Cts. 157-18-2 dated 12th June 1919, Two First Class Courts excluding the City Magistrate's Court at Mysore, and 5 Second class Magistrate's Courts, under the scheme, in the Mysore and Kadur Districts.

4. Correspondence ending with letter No.J.C. 377/22-3 dated 3rd May 1923 from the District Magistrate, Kolar submitting proposals for the introduction of the scheme in the Kolar District.

5. G.O.No.P. 1974-2038/Cts. 21-22-6 dated 5-10-23 revising the scale of the Special Magistrates under the separation scheme.

O r d e r, No.

2040-52 Hs 21-22-7
Dated, Bangalore the 5/10/23

The scheme for the separation of Executive and Judicial functions has been introduced in the Bangalore, Mysore, Kadur and Shimoga Districts and its extension to the remaining Districts has had to be deferred on account of unfavourable financial

conditions. It has however been found possible to provide funds for the extension of the scheme to one more district during the current year.

2. Government are pleased to sanction the extension of the scheme to the Kolar District with effect from the 1st November 1923. *Three* ~~no. of~~ *Special Magistrates* courts will be established in the District in addition to the Special Magistrate's Court on the Kolar Gold Fields. 2 Courts will be located at Kolar and one at Chikballapur. The ~~no. of~~ existing number of magistrates will be increased by one Second grade Magistrate and 2 Third grade magistrates involving an extra cost as follows:-

	Average cost per annum.	Actual cost for 8 months.
1. Second Grade Magistrate - One for the 2nd Grade Court at Rs.250-25-450 Avg.Cost.376-2/9	4514-2/3	2,000
2. Third Grade Magistrates - Two for the two 3rd Grade Courts at Rs.150-25/2-250. Avg.Cost.212-2/9.	5093-1/3	2,400
3. Establishment for 3 courts.	5196-0-0	3464
4. Contingencies for 3 courts.	150-0-0	150
5. Extra lock up and police staff, Prosecuting Inspectors.	3718-0-0	2520.
Total.	18,672-0-0	10,534.
6. Books and furniture for 3 courts. (Non-recurring.)	2,000-0-0	2,000
Total.	20,672-0-0	12,534

Deduct probable savings:-

Pay of D.E.O. and his estt. 250 plus 420.	670
Pay of the Judicial Gumastas of the 3 Sub.Dn. (Rev. including Treasury) 3 at Rs.30.	90
Pay of the Judicial Gumastas of the 11 taluk and Sub Taluks. Average Cost 28½	313½
	1073½
	per mensem or
	or Rs.8588 for 8 months or 12,882 per annum.

Lumpsum provision for Bench Courts. 5280 per annum or 3520 for 8 months

Establishment required for Excise work in the Deputy Commissioners Office and Revenue Sub Division Offices at 322 per mensem. $\frac{3864}{9144}$ p.a. or $\frac{2576}{5096}$ for 8 months.

Net savings, $(12,882-9144)=3738$ $8588-5096=3492$.

Net cost for 1923-24. $(16,934 \text{ per annum}) \frac{9042}{8}$ for 8 months

3. By a redistribution of the existing magistrates, it is proposed to put a Magistrate of the 1st Grade and a Magistrate of the 3rd Grade at Kolar, a Second Grade Magistrate at Chikballapur. A notification establishing several courts of Magistrates in the District and defining their jurisdiction and location will be issued separately.

1st Class Magistrate's Court(1)		4. Sanction is also accorded to the enter-
Hd. Clerk one on Rs.50	600 p.a.	tainment of establishment costing Rs.5196 per
3 clerks on Rs.35, ~~20~~ , 25		annum as noted in the margin and to the pur-
20 - Rs.80	960 "	chase of furniture and books at a cost not
Duffedar on Rs.11	132 "	exceeding Rs.2,000 for the 3 courts. The
Peons 3 on Rs.10 -30	360 "	District Magistrate will select competent of-
2nd Class Magistrate's Court(2)		ficials for these new courts in conformity
2 Head Clerks on Rs.40	960 "	with the rules of recruitment The official
2 Clerks on Rs.30	720 "	selected should be able to join the new ap-
2 Clerks on Rs.20	480 "	pointments in time for starting the work of
2 Duffedars on Rs.11	264 "	the new court on the date of their opening.
6 Peons on Rs.10-60	720 "	
Total.	5196 "	

5. The Superintendent, Government Stationer is requested to supply the required registers forms and stationery on the indents of the District Magistrate, Kolar.

6. The Inspector General of Police is requested to submit, if necessary, proposals for the

appointment of extra police staff for the Lock-up and prosecution work not exceeding the cost mentioned in para 2 above.

7. Orders in regard to the appointment of presiding officers will be issued separately. The District Magistrate, Kolar, is requested to expedite the submission of proposals for the establishment of Bench Courts in the District.

8. The actual cost of the scheme will be met from the provision of Rs.12,000 made for the same in 18 Courts of Law - 4 Criminal Courts, in the current year's budget.

R
22/9
General Secretary to Government

To

The District Magistrate, Kolar.
" Registrar, Chief Court.
" I. G. of Police.
" Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.
" Superintendent, Govt. Stationery.
" Comptroller to Government.
" District Magistrates of other Dts.

PRESS TABLE%

Government of His Highness of Mysore. Maharaja

GENERAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENTS

G. O. No. P. 2040-52—Cts. 21-22-7, dated 5th October 1923.

Magistrates' Courts.

Passes orders on the measures necessary for the formation of — in Kolar District under the separation scheme.

READ—

Government Order No. 4550-4600—Cts. 312-12-1, dated 10th May 1918, sanctioning a scheme for the separation of Judicial and Executive functions in the State.

2. Government Order No. G. 7962-69—Cts. 27-18-3, dated 1st November 1918, establishing two First Class Magistrates' Courts, excluding the City Magistrate's Court at Bangalore, and 4 Second Class Magistrates' Courts, under the scheme, in the Bangalore and Shimoga Districts.

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4. Correspondence ending with letter No. J. C. 377-22-3, dated 3rd May 1923, from the District Magistrate, Kolar, submitting proposals for the introduction of the scheme in the Kolar District.

5. Government Order No. P. 1974-2038—Cts. 21-22-6, dated 5th October 1923, revising the scale and cadre of the Special Magistrate's under the separation scheme.

ORDER NO. P. 2040-52—Cts. 21-22-7, DATED 5TH OCTOBER 1923.

The scheme for the separation of Executive and Judicial functions has been introduced in the Bangalore, Mysore, Kadur and Shimoga Districts and its extension to the remaining districts has had to be deferred on account of unfavourable financial conditions. It has however been found possible to provide funds for the extension of the scheme to one more district during the current year.

2. Government are pleased to sanction the extension of the scheme to the Kolar District with effect from the 1st November 1923. Three Special Magistrates' Courts will be established in the District in addition to the Special Magistrates' Court on the Kolar Gold Fields. Two courts will be located at Kolar and one at Chikballapur. The existing number of magistrates will be increased by one Second Grade Magistrate and two Third Grade Magistrates involving an extra cost as follows:—

	Average cost per annum.	Actual cost for 8 months.
1. Second Grade Magistrate. One for the Second Grade Court [at Rs. 250-25-450. Average Cost 376½.]	4,514½	2,000
2. Third Grade Magistrates. Two for the two 3rd Grade Courts at Rs. 150-25/2-250. Average cost 212½.	5,093½	2,400
3. Establishment for 3 Courts	5,196	3,464
4. Contingencies for 3 Courts	150	150
5. Extra lock-up and police staff, Prosecuting Inspectors...	3,718	2,520
Total	18,672	10,534
6. Books and furniture for 3 Courts. (Non-recurring)	2,000	2,000
Total	20,672	12,534

Deduct probable Savings —

Pay of District Excise Officer and his Establishment 250 plus 420	670
Pay of the Judicial Gumastas of the 3 Sub-Divisions (Revenue in- cluding Treasury) 3 at Rs. 30.	90
Pay of the Judicial Gumastas of the 11 taluks and sub-taluks. Average cost 28½.	313½

1,073½ per mensem
or Rs. 8,588 for 8 months or 12,882 per annum.

MS. 21-22-7, DATED 5TH OCTOBER 1923.

Bench Courts.	Rs. 5,280 per annum or Rs. 3,520 for 8 months.—
Lump sum provided required for Excise work in the Deputy Commissioner's Office and Revenue Sub-Division Offices at	Rs. 322 per mensem. 3,864 per annum.
	<u>9,144</u>
	or
	<u>2,576 for 8 months.</u>
	<u>5,096</u>

	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Net savings ...	...	(12,882—9144) = 3,738	
		(8,588—5,096) = 3,492 for 8 months.	
Net cost for 1923-24 ...	...	...	(16,934 per annum).
		(12,534—3,492) = 9,042 for 8 months.	

3. A notification establishing the several courts of Magistrates in the District and defining their jurisdiction and location will be issued separately.

4. Sanction is also accorded to the entertainment of establishment costing Rs. 5,196 per annum as noted in the margin and to the purchase of furniture and books at a cost not exceeding Rs. 2,000 for the three courts. The District Magistrate will select competent officials for these new courts in conformity with the rules of recruitment. The officials selected should be able to join their new appointments in time for starting the work of the new courts on the date of their opening.

	Rs.	
1st Class Magistrate's Court (1)—	600 per annum	
Head Clerk one on Rs. 50—20	960	do
Duffedar on Rs. 11	182	do
Peons 3 on Rs. 10—30	360	do
2nd Class Magistrate's Court (2)—		
2 Head Clerks on Rs. 40	960	do
2 Clerks on Rs. 30	720	do
2 Clerks on Rs. 20	480	do
2 Duffedars on Rs. 11	264	do
6 Peons on Rs. 10—60	720	do
Total	<u>5,196</u>	do

5. The Superintendent, Government Stationery, is requested to supply the required registers, forms and stationery on the indents of the District Magistrate, Kolar.

6. The Inspector-General of Police is requested to submit, if necessary, proposals for the appointment of extra police staff for the lock-up and prosecution work not exceeding the cost mentioned in para 2 above.

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8. The actual cost of the scheme will be met from the provision of Rs. 12,000 made for the same in 18 Courts of Law 4 Criminal Courts in the current year's budget.

B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

To—The District Magistrate, Kolar.
The Registrar, Chief Court.
The Inspector-General of Police.
The Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.
The Superintendent, Government Stationery.
The Comptroller to Government.
The District Magistrates of other Districts.

PRESS TABLE.

Exd.—K. S.

S. O.

Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENTS.

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	Average cost per annum.	Actual cost for 8 months.
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6. Books and furniture for 3 Courts. (Non-recurring)	2,000	2,000
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Pay of the Judicial Gumastas of the 3 Sub-Divisions (Revenue including Treasury) 3 at Rs. 30.	90
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1,073½ per mensem
or Rs. 8,588 for 8 months or 12,882 per annum.

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Office and Revenue Sub-Division Offices at	Rs.
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	9,144
	or
	2,576 for 8 months.
	5,096

	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
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	Rs.	
1st Class Magistrate's Court (1)—		
Head Clerk one on Rs. 50	600 per annum.	
3 Clerks on Rs. 25, 25 and 20—		
Rs. 80.	960	do
Duffedar on Rs. 11	132	do
Peons 3 on Rs. 10—30	360	do
2nd Class Magistrate's Court (2)—		
2 Head Clerks on Rs. 40	960	do
2 Clerks on Rs. 30	720	do
2 Clerks on Rs. 20	480	do
2 Duffedars on Rs. 11	264	do
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B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

To—The District Magistrate, Kolar.

The Registrar, Chief Court.

The Inspector-General of Police.

The Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.

The Superintendent, Government Stationery.

The Comptroller to Government.

The District Magistrates of other Districts.

PRESS TABLE.

Ext.—K. S.

SUBJECT

Diary No. of letter replied to

Section

File No.

Serial No.

General and Revenue Secretariat

, the

192

Notification

2055

Date of issue

5-10
23

Signed by

Mr. B. N.

What does this mean?
May be understood in this
manner: Preventive powers:-
vide page 10.

To Under section 39 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1906, the sub. gth the Amabheraja Confer on the Assistant Commissioners in charge of the under-mentioned Pw: Sub-Div and Treasary and on the Amildas and Deputy Amildas of the undermentioned Taluks and Sub-Taluks by virtue of their offices all the ordinary powers of a magistrate of the First and Second class respectively with effect from 1-10-1923

Assistant Comr.

Kodak

- (1) Kodar Sub-Div
- (2) Bhikhabahar Sub-Div
- (3) Dr. Treasary, Kodar

Amildas and Deputy Amildas

- (1) Kodar.
- (2) Browniphet
- (3) Bhintamane

4. Mulbafal
5. Liddaphatka
6. Kunkkalapur
7. Balapatti
8. Pindurmes
9. Mahur
10. Purnipur
11. Pindabanda Sub. Taluk.

By order
H. 19/9

car. 19.9.92
Speed 100

20
The compiler, mag. for public.

Cdys to Dsu. Kdar. for information.
Cdy to Aa. Lemur card.

B/
19/8/25

me
or

2056 { 97 5 10
2057 { 97 13
2058 { 97 13

List of enclosures.

Copied by

Examined by

N-22

SUBJECT.....

Diary No. of letter replied to.....

Section

File No.

Serial No

General and Revenue Secretariat

, the

191 .

Notification

P2058

Date of issue

5/10/23

Signed by

Mr. B. A.

To

Under section 12 (1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1906, and in supersession of all previous orders, the Court of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to establish in the District of Kolar with effect from 1st November, 1923 Criminal Courts in the places noted below for the trial of Criminal Cases arising within the area specified against each:—

P. T. over.

no	Place of situation	Name of court	Territorial jurisdiction
1.	K. G. J.	Special First class magistrates court	All the first, second and third class cases arising within the K. G. J. Sanitary Board area and Ponnurpet Taluk.
2.	Kolar.	do.	All appeals from the convictions of second and third class magistrates arising in the District, all first class cases arising in the Taluk of ~~Kolar~~ , Malur, Mulbagal, Trinivaspur and Chintamani, and all the first, second and third class cases arising in the Taluk of Kolar.
3.	Chikkaballapur	do.	All the first, second and third class cases arising in the Taluk of Chikkaballapur, Siddaghatta, Bapphalli, Jorbidnur, and Sub-Taluk of Jundabanda.
4.	Kolar.	Special Second class magistrates Court.	All the second and third class cases arising in the Taluk of Malur, Mulbagal, Trinivaspur, and Chintamani, and Ponnurpet including the Sanitary Board area.

By order

Copied by

Examined by

For the Secy to Govt

To
The compiler, Mys. gazette for public

Copy to Dm. Kolar for information

Copy to Secy. Chief Court underdtd.

25

E

124

SUBJECT

Diary No. of letter replied to

Section

File No.

Serial No.

General and Revenue Secretariat

, the

192 .

Notification

Prob1

Date of issue

5/10/27

Signed by

M. B. N.

Under section 41 of the Code of

Criminal Procedure, 1901, the Magistrate

Kowtharaja are pleased to withdraw

the magisterial powers conferred on the

undesignated officers with effect from

1st ^{November} ~~October~~ 1923:-

Assistant Commissioners

Mr. B. Srinivasa Srinivasan, B.A. Kolar.

" S. Abdul Wajid - B.A. Chikballapur

" C. Suryanarayana Sastri - Kolar & Iny.

Mudals:

Mr. J. R. Padmanabha Rao, B.A. Kolar.

" S. Dharmadasa - Bannurpet

" R. Puttamadappa - Chikballapur

" K. Subbarao Naidu - Mulbagal

" K. V. Jagannathachari - Sedlaghatta

" M. Abdus Subhan - Chikballapur

" C. N. Choudhary - Nagapalli

P. T. - 8

Why not after the
present cases are
introduced in the
cases of the
any other staff.
It does not interfere with
any other staff.
R

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- u: k. Subhadrao - B.A. - for ibidnes
- u A Arunachalam Mudaliar B.A. Maler
- u G. Abdul Kalam - Prinevaspur
- u B. Subhadrao - Gudibanda Sub-Taluk.

By order

12/19/5

car
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for the eg

Do
the compiler, anyone for the publication.

copy to D. M. K. for information

copy to R. G. Chieflant

B. M.

19/12/23